Bellefonte Republican.

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Established in 1869. | vernment, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."—A. LINCOLN. | Terms: $1.50 per Year

WASHINGTON NEWS

CONGRESS TO HAVE THE CHILIAN CORRESPONDENCE.

THE PRESIDENT ABLY SUPPORTED—THE GRIP GETTING IN ITS WORK—THE DEMOCRATS ANXIOUS FOR HARMONY.

From our Special Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.

The President will this week send to Congress all of the correspondence which has passed between this country and Chili, together with a special message, in which it is supposed that he will make a recommendation embodying his ideas of the duty of Congress in the premises. While this does not necessarily mean war, it certainly points that way. About the only basis for thinking that war will be averted is the belief that Chili will at the last moment see the folly of going into a war in which she is bound to get thrashed, and make an abject apology.

It is pleasing to note that the President has the cordial support not only of his own party, but of many of the prominent Democrats in Congress. One of the latter, Representative McCreary, of Kentucky, who has for a number of years been one of the leading members of the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House, said on the subject: "Soon after Congress reconvenes the President will send the correspondence to the two Houses, and then we can consider the matter with a better understanding. I believe that the President has acted in a vigorous and manly way in this matter. I am sure that the course of the United States will be dignified, firm and courageous. Whatever the result may be I do not think we can be charged with having rushed into war or that we shall suffer any loss of dignity."

The meanest thing in connection with this whole Chilian business is the attempt which has been made by a newspaper man, who is credited with having been in the pay of the Chilian revolutionists while they were trying to get recognition from this Government before the fall of the Balmaceda Government in Chili, by carefully worded innuendo to make it appear that Secretary Blaine has become a "peace at any price" man in consequence of a business understanding he has had with ex-Mayor Grace, of New York, who has large moneyed interests at stake in Chili, and who is naturally in favor of peace between the two countries. In Washington, where the cause of this man's personal enmity is known, nothing that he can say carries any weight. He lacks the courage to openly attack Mr. Blaine, and, in keeping with his character, vents his spleen by printing sneaking paragraphs whenever the opportunity presents itself containing covert slings and slurs at him. He is spoken of even by those who associate with him as the Captain Dalgetty of journalism. It is hardly necessary to say that people of this country know the man too well to believe that James G. Blaine will ever be found occupying any position upon any question that is not compatible with the loftiest American patriotism.

General M. C. Meigs, U. S. A., retired, died here on Saturday with the grip. From his appointment to West Point, in 1832, to the date of his death he filled positions of great honor and greater responsibility, and he filled them all well.

Pension Commissioner Raum has detailed fifty extra clerks to assist in pushing the work of the Pension Board of Review.

Although few republicans here appeared to have at first thought of ex-Representative Perkins in connection with the Kansas Senatorship, his appointment by the Governor to fill the unexpired term of the late Senator Plumb was very well received. Mr. Perkins has had 3 years experience in congressional life and that he will ably serve his state in the Senate cannot be doubted.

A very determined effort is being made by the Democratic leaders to bring about an outward appearance of harmony in the House, but they are far from being successful, and it looks now as though they would be extremely fortunate if they succeeded in preventing an open rupture between the Crisp and Mills men, or, as they are oftenest called here, the Cleveland and Anti-Cleveland men, on the floor of the House. The Cleveland men who have been snubbed and belittled by Speaker Crisp are not in a humor to be forgiven, and wherever two or more of them are gathered together the atmosphere is filled with dire threats of vengeance at the first opportunity. Speaker Crisp was laid up with the grip during the entire recess and is yet, and has little opportunity to know how deep the feeling of resentment against him is, but his friends have fully recognize the gravity of the situation, and, having gobbled up the most desirable places, they are now trying to mollify the Mills men by feeding them large doses of "taffy." But the crow which the Mill's men have so recently had to eat left a taste in their mouths which prevents their enjoying anything like "taffy" particularly when it comes from the same source that the crow did.

A WARM DECEMBER.

The meteorological summary for December shows that with two exceptions the month has been the warmest of any December there is any record of. In December 1877 the mean temperature was .4 of a degree lower than the last month and in 1889 it was 3.5 degrees warmer. The average for last month was 42.1 which was nearly 10 degrees lower than usual. There was practically no snow. At no time was the temperature low enough to make ice of a thickness worthy of mention.

The warmest day was the 4th when 63° were registered and the coldest was 16° on the 18th. On the 21st the mercury fell from 56° to 27° which was the nearest approach to a cold wave during the month. There was an excess of 196° in the temperature for the month and of 275° for the year.

The highest barometer was 30.69 on the 18th and the lowest 29.64 on the 15th. The total rainfall was 3.95 inches, which is 2.49 less than December 1890 and .28 inch above the average. The rainfall for the year was nearly normal, there being an excess of only .80 inch. Rain fell on 12 days last month and there were 10 cloudless days. The heaviest rainfall was on the 4th when 1.01 inches fell. The wind blew 30 miles an hour on that day.

WILL BE WITH US.

To-morrow we will gladly welcome "O'Flynn in Mexico," and it will be some satisfaction to all of us to know that this is an entertainment that comes with the strongest endorsement of press and prominent public men, that originality will shine supreme that the performers have been selected from the best material, and that the play from a dramatic, comic and singing standpoint has been commended by the ablest critics of the world. Nothing in the line of stage dressing and handsome decoration has ever been attempted, that is on a par with this beautiful production, and we can only say that those who neglect to avail themselves of the opportunity to witness this marvelous performance will miss the greatest treat of the season.

Sherman is Confident.

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 4.—The Sherman Republicans made no attempt to-day to seat Iden, but instead the case was referred to a special committee. This, it is said, means that the contest will be disposed of to-morrow by Secretary Iden. The Republican Senatorial caucus will be held on Wednesday evening. As stated yesterday, the doubtful members hold the balance of power, and the result cannot be accepted as absolutely conclusive until their preference is announced. Senator Sherman and ex-Governor Foraker both expressed confidence to-night, and each expects to win. The special committee reported in favor of seating Iden, and that gentleman has declared himself for Sherman.

KERR WILL CALL THEM TO ORDER.

WASHINGTON, January 4.—The house of representatives will be called to order to-morrow by Clerk Kerr. McMillen, member of the rules committee said to-night that the house would then proceed to the selection of a speakef pro-tem. Either to-morrow or next Tuesday a resolution will be presented to the house defining the jurisdiction of the several committees in legislative matters. It is not expected it will encounter any objections. After its adoption the call of states for the introduction of bills will be had.

WILL VOTE FOR THE DEMOCRAT.

WASHINGTON, January 4.—Senator Edwards, the independent-reputation, stated to an Associated Press reporter to-night that he would attend the opening session to morrow and that he would vote for the democratic nominee for postoffice of the senate. Further than that he did not care to express an opinion. He thought the democrats could go ahead and organize the senate to-morrow. Republican senators at midnight refused to say anything regarding their plans.

A NAVAL CADET DISMISSED.

Naval Cadet A. J. Cruse, of Bellefonte Pa., of the fourth class at Annapolis, Md., who was dismissed last year for refusing to inform on a cadet charged with hazing, and who was reappointed, has again been dismissed from the academy for direct disobedience. He asked for Christmas leave and was refused. He took it, leaving the academy on Friday, Christmas evening, and did not return until Sunday, December 27.

A PUBLIC INSTALLATION

OF OFFICERS OF DR. GEORGE L. POTTER POST, NO. 261.

A FULL AND COMPLETE LIST OF SAME—AFTER WHICH WAS HELD A LARGE AND BRILLIANT CAMP FIRE.

According to previous arrangements the officers of Dr. George L. Potter Post, No. 261, Department of Pennsylvania, G. A.R. of Milesburg, Pa., were publicly installed on Saturday evening January 2nd, 1892, in Bogg's Hall, by Comrade W. H. Fry, of Post 272, of Pine grove Mills, Pa.

By 7 o'clock p. m the large hall was filled almost to overflowing. The audience was called to order by Commander J. M. Green and the choir sang "America," then followed the installation of the following officers:

Commander—George F. Derr.
Sr. V.—Joseph S. Murray.
Jr. V. Com.—Simon Parsons.
Quartermaster—W. H. Musser.
Surgeon—David B. Reese.
Chaplain—Thomas Wilson.
O. of D.—W. H. Shultz.
O of G.—E. Kellerman.
Trustee for 3 years—J. C. P. Jones.
Delegate to the Department to meet at Pittsburg in February, 1892—W. H. Musser and James Krepe.
Alternates—W. H. Shultz and Simon Bathurst.

After the installation ceremonies were through, comrade Austin Curtin was called to the chair and opened the campfire with a short speech, then called on W. H. Fry, who responded with appropriate remarks, the retiring commander J. Miles Green then gave an account of his Stera ordership of the past year, was followed by the commander elect, George F. Derr who asked the assistance of all the members of the Post to make the year 1892 a successful one. Chapiain Thos. Wilson gave a very interesting account of his experience as a cavalry men in the late unpleasantness. Officer of the day W. H. Shultz and adjutant A. G. Roger also made short speeches in answer to their names being called. The camp-fire was enlivened by the remarks of Comrades Taylor, Noll, Hamilton and Brandon of post 95, of Bellefonte. Rev'ds W. O. Wright G. W. Bouse and H. L. Harvey followed with good short speeches. Mr P. W. Barnhar of Roland was present and gave the audience an account of his Soldiering in time of Peace as Capt and afterwards Col., of the Penna Militia. During the evening we were pleasantly entertained by selections, spoken by Miss Florence Orris and Miss Rosa Levy—Here followed J. C. Jones, chairman of the committe of arrangements, with pleasing remarks, and the rear was brought up by Quarter Master W. H. Musser who however has been in not very good health for several days on accounnt of "Grip," but made some interesting remarks on army life and experience. Between the speeches the choir rendered some grand music such as "Sleeping for the Flag" Marching through Georgia." "The flag of our union forever" etc.

The choir was lead by W. H. Musser with Miss Ida Orris at the organ and was assisted by the following. Mrs. Linni Adams Misses, Florence Orris, Belle Campbell, Grace Jones Mida Boggs, Carrie Derr, Ettie Poorman, Fannie Gregg, and Mr. Roy Mattern, all of Milesburg, and Miss Minnie Swire of Pittsburg, Pa., everybody went away much pleased with the evening's entertainment.

The thanks of the comrades of Post 261, are due to all who assisted in making the cermonies of the evening a success.

LIST OF PATENTS

Granted to Pennsylvania inventors this week. Reported by C A Snow & Co. Solicitors of America & Foreign Patents, Opp U. S. Patent Office, Washington, D. C.

A Wurts, Pittsburg, Lightning arrester H C Tompson, Pittsburg, Mechanical telephone. W G Troast & S R Slaymaker, Lancaster, Padlock. R M Tubbs, Shickshinny, Fountain pen. J W Wadswirth, Allegheny, Vent. T Walker, Clark's Green Steam-pipe coupling. W F Weitmyer, Harrisburg, Seaming roofing-plates. J H Warner & S Flory, Bangor, Pressure regulator. P Richards, Plymouth, coal crusher. W B Norris, Blairsville, Lever-lock mechanism. E C Northrop, Bodines, Leather-finishing machine. A Pursell, Williamsport, Velocipede-gearing. C M Lindsey, Pittsburg, Cutting, grinding and polishing material. J W Marsh, Pittsburg Electric conductor. G F McCombs, Allegheny, Gas-furnace burner, J P Hilliard Allegheny, Brake-beam, W Imbt, Analomink Furniture caster, J Kennedy, Pittsburg, Rolling-mill, S C Krause, Bethlehem, Milliner's steamer, H W Fisher, Pittsburg, Cut Out, A Fleming, Erie, Toy, W A Conner & J W Marsh, Pittsburg, Electric cable.

It is the impression at Washington that the Republican members of the *House* made a wise selection of caucus secretary to succeed ex-Congressman McComas, of Maryland when they elected Congressman John Houk to that position. Mr. Houk was secretary of the Republican Committee and developed remarkable ability and shrewdness as a politician. He evidently inherits the characteristic which made his father one of the keenest politicians in the House, and his district made no mistake in electing him to succeed his father. Although only thirty-one years of age, he has had very extended political and Congressional experience. He did for many years act as private secretary to his father who was continuously a member of Congress from 1889 until 1891 He was also clerk of a House committee, and in the last Congress Assistant Doorkeeper, so that he was continually upon the floor and thoroughly versed in the details of *House* affairs. Beside his Congressional experience, he has been President of the Tennessee Republican Club for eight years, chairman of his Central Committee for two years, chairman of the Republican Congressional Committee for two years, and for two years Secretary of the Congressional Committee and Secretary of the State Republican Committee. This experience, combined with his natural tact, has made him one of the most acute politicians of his age in the House.

THE CHILIAN CHESTNUT.

WASHINGTON, January 6.—The correspondence which the president has promised to send to congress relating to the attack upon the Baltimore's sailors at Valparaiso will not be sent in to-morrow. In fact there is reason to believe that some days will elapse before the public may know officially just what has passed between the department of state and Minister Egan on the one side and the Chilian minister of foreign affairs and Minister Montt on the other. The official announcement of the practical completion of the judicial proceedings in Valparaiso and the intention of the Chilian legal authorities to punish the three Chilians convicted of participation in the assult has given satisfaction here and is generally regarded as a distinct concession by the Chillians, in the United States, as showing that there will not, in all probability, be any further undue delay in the disposition of the case. These tidings have not, so far as can be learned been officially made known to Secretary Blaine by Minister Montt, and it may be that the latter will await the sentence of the convict Chilians before he presents to the secretary the conclusions reached by the judical authorities of his country With matters in this promising condition it is, therefore, unlikely that a disturbing element will be introduced in the negotiations by the publication of the incomplete correspondence.

Harold Harris at Rest.

This afternoon the remains of Harold R. Harris were laid away from the cares and sorrows of this world. The funeral was one of the largest ever held in this city. He was a devout member of the Presbyterian Church, and also of the Temperance Union. Rev. William Laurie, D. D., pastor of the Presbyterian Church, officiated, assisted by Revs. Houck and Hoshour.

Flower tributes were received from the railroad men of this place, with whom Harold was a great favorite, the Christian Endeavor Society, the Bellefonte Temperance Union, the W. C. T. U. and the Bellefonte Academy, of which he was a student. His four brothers, Linn, Scott, John and Edward, acted as pallbearers. His place can never be filled, but the good which he did while here on earth will always be in the minds of the people. Our sympathy is with the parents and his many friends.

A SERIES OF FOUR SPECIAL EXCURSIONS TO WASHINGTON, D. C.

A delightful opportunity of visiting the National capital in its most attractive season while both houses of Congress are in session and all the departments open to visitors, is presented by a series of four special excursions of the Pennsylvania Railroad January 21st, February 4th, 11th, and 25th 1892. Excursion tickets will be good for ten days from date of sale, admitting of a stop over in Baltimore in either direction within the proper limit, and tourists will travel in a special train of parlor cars and day coaches.

The fare from Bellefonte, Philipsburg and Osceola will be $7.25, the train leaving Bellefonte at 10.25 A. M., arriving in Washington at 8.45 P. M.

The tickets will be good for use on any regular train of the dates above named except limited express trains. The return coupons will be valid for passage on any regular train within the return limit except the Pennsylvania Limited.

NINE YEARS A PRISONER

FATHER OHRWALDER ESCAPES FROM THE MAHDI'S TROOPS.

HE TELLS OF HOW THE TIME WAS PASSED IN CAPTIVITY—ALLOWED SUFFICIENT LIBERTY TO EARN A LIVING, BUT CRUELLY TREATED.

LONDON, January 3.—Telegrams have been received here from the Cango which confirm the statement made by Father Ohrwalder, the priest of the Soudan Austrian mission, who was taken prisoner by the mahdists some nine years ago, but who recently escaped from Omdurman and made his way to Korosko. Father Ohrwalder, who was accompanied in his flight from captivity by Sisters Chincarini and Venturni, says that forty Europeans are still in the hands of the mahdists at Omdurman. He added that they are loaded with menacles and are often cruelly beaten. They are so closely watched, he said, that they had lost all hope of ever escaping.

Among the prisoners are nineteen Greeks eight Syrians, eight Jews, two Austrian missionaries, and Slatin Bey and Herr Neufold. The last named prisioner was captured in 1886 at Selina. His imprudence was the cause of the capture by Nejumni of the convoy of arms and ammunition sent by General Grenfell to Selah, the chief of the friendly Kabbabish tribe. He is now employed in making saltpetre.

In telling of his mode of life while in captivity, Father Ohrwalder said that the Mahdi granted no provision for the subsistence of the captives, but allowed them sufficient liberty to earn a living as best they could. Father Ohrwalder lived by tailoring and weaving and the sisters by baking and selling bread. The three refugees show painfully the traces of the suffering which they have endured during their nine year's captivity and they state that the latest news which they received from the civilized world was in 1882, by an Arabic newspaper relating to the bombarding of Alexandria.

During the last eighteen months the fugitives lived in mud huts, but previously their only shelter was made with their own hands, from canes and maize stalks. they describe Khartoum as all destroyed excepting the only Christian church and General Gordon's palace, and they say that vegetation is covering the sites of the houses.

STATE TAX REVISION.

SCRANTON, Jan. 3.—The conference for the discussion of tax legislation, for which Colonel J. A. Price, of this city, one of the vice prsidents of the National Board of Trade is arranging, and for which he some weeks since sent out invitations for representation to various trade organizations, will be held in the Senate Chamber, Harrisburg, early in February. Colone Price, in reply to inquiries, says:

"The success of the Conference is assured from the fact that the various interests of agriculture, manufacture, commerce and labor have expressed their determination to carry it out.

"The interests represented will be the County Commissioners, the State and county agricultural societies, the railroads, the manufacturers and Boards of Trade.

"The object of the Conference will be to formulate a plan of revision of the present tax system of Pennsylvania and to collect the data on which the present tax system is based, for the purpose of remedying the evils in future enactments."

DEATH IN "CHRISTIAN SCIENCE."

BURLINGTON, Jan. 3.—A deplorable state of affairs has been brought to light by the death of Clarence Lay, the son of Mr. and Mrs. John Lay, of this city. The boy had been ill four weeks and all that time was under the exclusive care of a local healer of the Christian Science craze. The mother and other female members of the family are strong believers in the delusion, and although the boy was growing plainly worse they refused to allow a reputable physician to attend him.

Last Sunday parties who wished to save the boy's life sought City Health Officer Barnes, but the law gave him no right to interfere. The City Attorney was consulted with the like result. About an hour before the boy's death a physician was hastily called. He could do nothing and refused to sign a death certificate. This will compel a Coroner's investigation. County Attorney Tracy intends to push the matter.

Graves Denies He Confessed.

DENVER, January 4.—Dr. Graves denied to an Associated Press reporter to-day having made any confession to the deputy sheriff or to any one else. Deputy Sheriff Wilson still maintains that the doctor did, while Means refused to confirm or deny what the doctor is alleged to have confessed. "At the proper time," he says, "I will tell all I know." No warrant for Ballou's arrest has been issued. The grand jury is in session and are understood to be examining the two deputy sheriffs in regard to the alleged confession of Graves.

NOTES OF INTEREST.

Hiram Chase, a full-blooded Omaha Indian, is the first of his race to be admitted to practice in the Federal Court of Nebraska.

Tennyson's new volume of poems, all written in his eighty-second year, will, it is said, prove a surprise and a delight to the reading public. The poems comprise Hellenic legend, oriental tradition, humorous patois and stories of the wild brigand life of Southern Europe.

"Some of these fine days they will buy us all up, lock, stock and barrel," is the comment of an English paper on the recent purchase by an American of a valuable art library in Germany.

Miss Marguerite Merington, the teacher of Greek at the New York Normal College for Girls, is the author of "Letterblair," a highly successful play written for Mr. Sothern.

The Consul General of Japan has applied for 124,000 square feet in the World's Fair grounds, and the King of Corea, who has never before interested himself in international affairs, has announced that his country will be represented. Mexico has appropriated $50,000 for the preliminary expenses of its exhibit, and Brazil and Chili expect, if the weather is fair in their excitable and often cloudy dominions, to send creditable representations of their respective countries.

FUNNY PARAGRAPHS.

The latest proof that the moon is not made of green cheese, is, that the moon was made before there were any cows.

In Huntingdon county is a minister, who for 2 years labored hard and faithful for his charge, but received no salary, not even a donation. At last he grew desperate and told them that the following Sunday he would preach his last sermon to the people; he took for his text a passage of scripture, which placed the members of the church, as the sheep and the preacher the shepherd. After dwelling somewhat lengthy on the sheep of Talmage, Wesley, and several other noted divines he closed up with the following short and blunt verse.

Some day I'll meet my master,
Before the great white throne,
And he'll ask to see my sheep
Flock by him one by one,
'Tis then I'll have to answer,
While scalding tears I weep,
My flock was all composed of hogs,
I didn't have a sheep.

It is amusing to see a lady who will stand for an hour and a half, picking a piece of goods and then say she cant stand it to remain on her feet while the Congregations sing one hymn in church.

"My Son," said a miserly old man a short time ago, "do you know that they now can print the Lord's Prayer on a 3-cent piece." "Nothing surprising about that, father," answered the Son; "if a 3-cent piece is as large in their eyes as it is in your's they ought to be able to put the Ten Commandments on, too.

Officers Installed.

The following are the newly elected officers of Bellefonte Castle, No. 357, Knights of the Golden Eagle, who were installed last evening:

P. C.—L. H. Wian.
N. C.—James C. Noll.
V. C.—E. Straub.
H. P.—J. L. Rote.
V. H.—J. M. Lieb.
M. of R.—J. W. Alexander.
C. of E.—A. Lukenbach.
S. H.—S. N. Gibson.
W. B.—A. Lukenbach.
W. C.—T. M. Barnhart.
Ensign—C. H. McCoy.
Esq.—J. M. Strayer.
F. G.—A. V. Hamilton.
S. G.—J. J. Slurk.
Rep. to G. C.—Dr. H. K. Hoy.

Sheriff and Three Deputies Killed.

Liberal, Kan., Jan 5.—In Springfield the county seat of Seward county, this morning the sheriff and three deputies were killed by a squad of men in ambush. It is supposed to be the outcome of a plot to kill Thomis Bodkin, judge of the judicial district. It is all the result of a famous Stevens county feud, which began in July, 1888, and has continued with few interruptions since.

A QUEER RACE.

[Continued.]

jective point must be Fairhaven, whither the direct road ran along the north coast, the best cultivated and most thickly populated part of the country; and unless they took a very devious and difficult route by the south, this was the only road they could follow. I had, moreover, so arranged matters that, let them go which way they would, I should have speedy information.

On the other hand, as they might make a move at any moment, I took every precaution to avoid being surprised. Two of our best runners were sent on in advance; then, at a short interval, followed four more, then eight, after whom came the advanced guard, a company of the first regiment. Carib scouts were also continually ahead, and our bivouacs (we had no tents) were guarded by a triple line of sentries and outposts.

These precautions were all the more necessary as multitudes of slaves were leaving their masters, and no doubt conveying information to the enemy. The houses of several planters had been plundered and burned, and we met many fugitives (among others, our friend Weston and his family) on their way to Fairhaven.

It was evident that the fortunes of Fair Island depended on us. If we were beaten, or failed to drive the invaders into the sea, the country would be ruined.

As we were eating our evening meal after our third day's march, two scouts came in with the news that the Caribs were still at Wynter's Hill, and that they had been joined by vast numbers of Calibans, and that appearances indicated that they were making ready for a move. In reply to an inquiry as to their strength, I was answered, "Thousands."

This was rather vague, and not very satisfactory; but as waiting would not make them fewer, I determined to attack early in the morning. We had light of moon, and by starting at two o'clock we should be able to reach the neighborhood of Wynter's Hill about six. It would be far better than getting there five or six hours later; for at that time of the year the noon-day heat was almost insupportable.

Having come to this resolution, I called my officers together, told them what I proposed to do, and gave such orders as I deemed necessary. They were full of fight and confident of success—rather too confident, in fact. I advised them, whatever they did, not to hold the enemy too cheap, but to be as vigilant and wary as if we had to do with a disciplined force commanded by a competent general. I knew the Cariberoes to be brave, and as they outnumbered us by probably three or four to one, they were likely to prove formidable foes; our arms, moreover, were not so superior to theirs that we could afford to throw away a chance; we had only fifty rifles, and if their bows and arrows were inferior to ours, they had a great many more of them.

The men were as eager as the officers, and marched so well (doing twenty miles in four hours) that at sunrise the runners reported that Wynter's Hill was in sight. On this I ordered a halt, and while the men were breakfasting I went forward with Oliver Fane and Bolsover to reconnoiter.

The Cariberoes were encamped about two miles off, at the edge of a wood. Between our bivouac and the wood the ground was undulating and open, and, as I thought, not badly adapted for a battle on a small scale. But as the enemy occupied the higher ground they had the advantage of position, and had they possessed fire-arms might have rendered it almost impregnable. Even as it was, if they clung to the wood and declined to "come on," we should not be able to get at them without heavy loss and risk of disaster, for as yet their numbers were an unknown quantity. To overcome this difficulty I had recourse to a stratagem which, though it may seem cruel, was, I think, justifiable in the circumstances, my object being not merely to save the island, but to give the Cariberoes such a lesson as would keep them away from it for at least a generation. As yet they had not seen us—could not see us until we stirred; for we were behind a clump of trees in a dip of the ground. My plan was to send the native camp-followers on first, in the hope that the Cariberoes, perceiving how few they were, and that they belonged to the race they least feared, might come down the hill to meet them, a proceeding which would afford us the opportunity we desired.

To complete my description of the ground and render clear what followed, I must add that we were near the sea, which was thereabouts bordered by tall limestone cliffs, rising sheer from the water, and broken only by a single gap half-way up Wynter's Hill. Broadly speaking, the hill was to our front, the sea to our right, and a stretch of open country to our left.

My stratagem, albeit far from being a failure, did not prove the brilliant success which I expected. Some of the men, contrary to my orders, lighted fires, so that before our Carib allies marched out the Cariberoes were already on the *qui vive*, and, though they came down the hill in force, they advanced cautiously and, rather to my surprise, silently and in good order. They numbered at least five thousand, and it was obvious that they were commanded by a chief who knew something of the art of war.

The Caribs did not take much harm, after all—then. After exchanging a few shots with the enemy they bolted—according to order. As they ran down the hill we advanced into the open, marching in line, Bolsover and his rifles in the center, and a little in the rear, as until they were committed to an engagement I did not want the Cariberoes to find out that we possessed fire-arms. I held three hundred of the archer-guard and fifty men from each of the other regiments in reserve.

The enemy, though, as it seemed, rather surprised by this display of force, stood their ground. When we were about two hundred yards from them, I gave the order to begin shooting, and I was pleased to observe that nearly every arrow found a mark. The Cariberoes replied briskly, shooting two arrows for our one; but their weapons were so inferior that their missiles did comparatively little execution.

This went on for ten or fifteen minutes, when the Cariberoes drawing nearer, showed a disposition to come to close quarters, which was what I particularly desired to avoid; I feared that they might bear us down by the sheer weight of their superior numbers.

"Now is your time, Tom," I said. "Let them have it!"

The old sailor wanted nothing better. His men (who had been lying down, a little in the rear) stood up, the archers opened their ranks, and, advancing to the front, the rifles poured in a volley point-blank, which bowled the Cariberoes over like ninepins. The effect was tremendous The enemy, completely taken by surprise gave way in all directions; and seeing that the crisis of the battle had come, I told Tom to go on firing as hard as he could, called up the reserves, and was about to order a charge along the line, when Oliver Fane laid his hand on my shoulder and literally spun me round.

"Good heavens, Mr. Erle!" he exclaimed, "look there!"

He pointed to our left rear, a direction in which I had not turned my eyes since the fight began.

"I see smoke," I said, "and some of the bushes seem to have caught fire. What then?"

"What then? Why, don't you see that the fire is spreading and the wind rising, and that in five minutes all the herbage between the cliffs and Wynter's Wood will be in a blaze? The wood will burn, too; it is as dry as tinder; so shall we, if we stay here."

"What shall we do? Ah, I see—the gap in the cliff. We must occupy it at once. And it will be who gets there first. I believe the Cariberoes are moving that way already. Give immediate orders for all the men to make for the gap at once—as hard as they can go."

The men needed no second bidding. Some of them had seen the danger even as Oliver pointed it out to me, and were already off.

Fighting was now suspended by mutual consent, or rather under a common compulsion; the Cariberoes and ourselves raced madly for the sole avenue of escape from swift and awful death—death by fire. The gap, more than a mile away, was so narrow at the mouth—being, indeed, for a short distance practically a tunnel—that it could be defended by a handful of men against a host; and if the Cariberoes got there first!

I never ran so fast before—or since—and after my three days' march I was in tip-top condition, yet, try as I might, I could not keep up with the swifter of my piebald companions. Oliver would have stayed with me, but I bade him for Heaven's sake hurry on and secure the pass. I would take my chance.

Our foremost fellows are now neck and neck with about an equal number of Cariberoes, also splendid runners; and I watch every phase of the contest with sickening anxiety, for upon its issue depends not our lives alone, but the fate of an entire people.

"Thank God! They are drawing ahead. They will win! They will win! Breed and training are telling, as they always do. Bravo, Oliver! Bravo, Wild! One more spurt like that, and—"

They have done it—the goal is reached! A score of the brave fellows leap into the gap, and as their swords flash in the sun and they turn to face the foe, I know that the race is won, the victory ours.

But the battle has still to be fought. For the start was by no means "even;" not a third of our little army has gained the pass; while between us and them is a great body of the enemy, trying might and main to force the gap, and through whom we must cut our way or perish. I wait until the remainder of our fellows—among whom are Bolsover and Amyas Fane—come up. I rally them, and then charge right into the thick of the enemy, sword in hand. There is no time for shooting. They fight like fiends—as only men made desperate by fear can fight, neither giving nor taking quarter. It is man against man, sword against spear, and as we hack, and hew, and stab, thick smoke rolls over our heads. The fire is close behind us.

All was now wild confusion, and how I personally fared in that desperate struggle for life—at once a race and a battle—I can scarcely tell. Yet one horribly grotesque incident I shall never forget. It was burned into my brain, and I can see it still. Just as I had emptied the last barrel of my revolver a fellow came at me with his spear, which I contrived to catch with one hand, while I ran him through with the other. Before I could withdraw my sword, a second Caliban—a hideous giant with a black skin, white eyes and a red nose—turned round and pointed his spear straight at my throat. For the moment I was defenseless; I gave myself up for lost, and nerved myself to die as a brave man should. But at the very same instant a blood-stained blade flashed through the murky air, and striking the giant's skull, clove it through the middle right down to the chin, and as the wretch staggered backward, the sundered parts fell on either shoulder. It was a hideous sight.

The man who delivered that trenchant blow was Amyas Fane. A few minutes later I had the good fortune to save his life as he had saved mine.

But for Oliver and his companions we should never have got through. They plied the enemy with arrows, then charged; and the Cariberoes, taken between two fires, were forced back, so that after a short yet fierce struggle we gained our point—those of us who survived; for many had fallen, and all were wounded.

The poor Caribs perished to a man. They were the last to start, and came up only as the Cariberoes, whose numbers increased every moment, were making one final and frantic attempt to drive us through the gap into the sea. We did our best to rescue them; but owing to the nature of the ground we could sally out only a few at a time, and so failed utterly. Though the Caribs in their extremity fought with frantic desperation, they fell like corn before the reaper, and the fight went on until the fighters, looking more like demons than men, were well-nigh inclosed in a ring of fire. Then, throwing down their weapons, they broke and fled—some making for the wood, others for the cliff.

"They cannot escape, do as they will!" said Oliver Fane, half exultingly, half pitifully. "If they go down the cliffs, they will break their necks; and before they can get through the wood it will be all in a blaze. The Cariberoes will trouble us no more, Mr. Erle."

"If we could only have saved those poor Caribs—"

Just then the fire swept up both sides of the gap, filling it with smoke and sparks, and overcome with the heat and foul air (for we were packed like herrings in a barrel), the pain of my wounds, and loss of blood, I went off in a dead faint.

CHAPTER XXX.—AFTER THE FIGHT.

It is nearly a month since the battle of Wynter's Hill, and I am lying with my head bandaged and one of my arms in a sling, in Queen Mab's own room. Though convalescent, I am still very weak, my hurts having been much more serious than in the excitement of the combat I had any idea of. The wounded had been removed to Fairhaven by sea, and as there was no public hospital in the place they were taken to private houses, myself and several others to the queen's house.

As I lie, with my eyes half closed, listening to the caroling of birds and drinking in the sweet scent of flowers (for the day is young), I go over in my mind all that has happened to me since I left England, and I ask myself—"What next?" I am as resolved as ever to go back—it is my duty to go back—I must go back. And yet, and yet—though I struggle against the feeling, and try to ignore it, I know that in my heart of hearts I do not want to go back. Why? I had all along admired Mab, and now— I should be sorry to leave her. Lately I had seen her in a new character—that of a sick-nurse—and she had shown herself to be as tender and compassionate as she had before shown herself to be brave and high-spirited. Not a day passed that she did not visit every one of the wounded, both in her own house and elsewhere; and despite her foibles and superstitions, how splendidly had she behaved throughout! She interested me immensely, and I admired her—nothing more—of course, nothing more. For had I not renounced love and all its works? And even though I had not, the very idea of love would, in the circumstances, be impossible and absurd, if only because of the difference in our positions. Mab was a queen, in however small a way, I a penniless adventurer; and her people would certainly never permit such a *mesalliance*. No, hard as it might be, I must go, and the sooner the better.

As I arrive at this stage of my reflections, the subject of them enters the room. She is in deep mourning, for, like everybody else at Fairhaven, she has to lament the loss of kinsmen and friends. Of the fifteen hundred who went out to the fight, less than a thousand returned to their homes. Among the slain is Amyas. He was one of the last to fall, and nobly redeemed the promise he had made to his cousin.

"I am glad you are so much better today, and that the doctor allows you to talk a little," said Mab. She was more subdued in manner than I had ever seen her, and the pallor of her face and the dark lines about her eyes showed how much she had suffered and how deeply she sympathized with the sorrows of her people.

"Yes, I am very much better, and I think I shall soon be all right again; but the scenes I witnessed at Wynter's Hill will never be effaced from my memory. I dream of them every night. It was like pandemonium. Have you heard whether any of the Cariberoes escaped?"

"So far as we can ascertain, not one. None have been seen, and we have taken possession of all their canoes. But it is time we talked about yourself. The victory was dearly bought, yet it was worth the price; it has saved the commonwealth, and I don't think the Cariberoes will ever invade us again—at any rate, not in our time. Well, this victory we owe to you—"

"No, no! If you had only seen how pluckily those young fellows fought, how splendidly they captured the gap, you would know better. I really did very little."

"I give our young soldiers all the credit they deserve; yet I am sure that but for the way in which you organized and led them we should not have won the victory. They all say so; I say so, too, and I forbid you to contradict me. You have behaved splendidly, and I want to know what recompense we can offer you."

"Recompense?"

"Yes; what shall be done to the man whom the queen delights to honor?"—smiling.

"Let him go home."

The smile vanished, and was replaced by an angry frown.

"Let him go home! You want to leave us, then?"

"Don't put it in that way, please. I shall be very, very sorry to leave you; but I have friends in England, and an old mother, who is a widow. I am her only son, and if she thinks I am dead, it may bring her gray hair with sorrow to the grave. It is my duty to go home—if I can."

"And among these friends there is one perhaps dearer even than your mother?"

"Not at all. There is nobody else I care very much about, or who cares much about me. I dare say all the others have pretty nearly forgotten me already."

"How would you go,"

"If you would point out the position of the island on the map, and lend me the 'Sunflower,' and a few men, I think Bolsover and I could navigate her to some port where we should find vessels—possibly a steamer bound for England."

"And you would never come back?"

"That depends. I should be very sorry—I mean I should hope to come back—sometime."

"Sometime?"

"I mean that I am a poor man, and have my way to make in the world, and I might not be able to come back so soon as I could like."

Mab seemed much agitated. She rose from her chair, walked excitedly up and down the room, then returned and sat near me, at the head of the sofa.

"I have a confession to make and a question to ask," she said, in a low, tremulous voice. "I know it is not usual in England, but here, in Fair Island— I thought—I mean that I did not intend—but now that you want to go home—and it is right you should—I must. Has it never occurred to you—have you not seen" (impetuously) "that—that I love you—love you with all my heart, and that I should be glad—oh, so glad!—to be your wife? Say, now, have you never thought of this?"

This avowal took me so completely by surprise that I knew not what to say—could hardly think, in fact—for in my wildest dreams it had never occurred to me that it would ever enter into Mab's mind to make me a formal offer of her hand and heart.

"You do not answer—you are angry with me!" she exclaimed, in a broken voice. "You think I am unmaidenly. You do not love me. Well, be it so"—averting her face; that face which had never seemed to me so beautiful.

"No, no, no!" I said, taking her hand and pressing it to my lips. "Not until this moment did I know how dear you are to me; and if I had known I should not have dared to speak. You are a grand woman, a true queen, my queen, and I love you as you say you love me—with all my heart."

"As I say I love you! Oh, how little you know?—"

I drew her toward me and put my arm round her neck.

"Do not think that I shall ask you to forego your visit to your mother. I will go with you to England."

"You will go with me to England!"

"Do you think I would let you go alone? Now that we are no longer in fear of a Carib invasion, I can easily be spared for a few months. And I want to see England. We are very backward. We must have more books, and a printing press and machinery, and other things. And when we come back you shall take part with me in the government. We will abolish slavery—I have been reading 'Uncle Tom's Cabin.'"

"I am delighted to hear you say so. But what will the slave-owners say?"

"If for every slave I give them a horse they will say nothing; they will be quite content. And I shall buy horses."

"That will be a very costly operation. You will want a great deal of money."

"I have a great deal. First of all, there is the treasure, which is worth I don't know how much, and I have pearls enough for a king's ransom."

"Pearls, Mab! Where on earth did you get them?"

"They came out of the sea. There is a very valuable pearl fishery on the south side of the island. But it has not been fished for a long time, partly because we had as many pearls as we wanted, partly because my father feared they might create a craving for riches and luxury, and possibly bring other evils in their train. But if we can exchange them for something useful, and they enable us to abolish slavery, the good will more than outweigh any probable harm. Don't you think so?"

"Certainly."

"You can exchange fine pearls for money in England, I suppose?"

"Of course you can. To any extent you like."

"Then we will take a lot with us; buy, with the money they bring, the things we need, and pay for the 'Diana's' cargo. I think I would rather not touch the treasure: for Sybil says that so long as it remains on the island the commonwealth will endure. I don't *quite* believe all she says; but she is a wise woman, and nobody ever neglects her warnings with impunity."

"The pearls will do quite as well, though it does seem a pity to let all that money lie idle. Properly invested, it would produce a large income. However, you are perhaps right. You have everything you need, and enough is as good as a feast. But what will Field and the others say to your idea of making a trip to England? It was only the other day that the mere suggestion horrified them beyond measure."

"Well, if it came to a contest of wills, I think mine would prevail. And you don't know what a change recent events have wrought in their ideas. You are the most popular man in the island. They think you were sent purposely to save the commonwealth; and the fact of your having survived so many dangers is regarded as a proof of the Divine favor—for our people, though, as you may think, rather superstitious, are essentially religious. They have often urged me to marry, and our marriage and your undertaking to become one of us would reconcile them to anything. And we can concede so far to their prejudices and the injunctions of my ancestor of sacred memory as to bring no strangers back with us and keep secret the whereabouts of the island."

* * * * * *

A few weeks later we were quietly married by the queen's chaplain, a lineal descendant of the chaplain of his Britannic Majesty's ship "Hecate," and the next day we left Fairhaven on our way to England. Having ascertained the exact position of the island, we had no difficulty in shaping the "Sunflower's" course for a not very distant port, where, as I knew, we could obtain a passage to London or Southampton. Old Tom went with us, but merely as sailing-master; he liked the island so well that he had determined to settle there for life. Our crew consisted of half a dozen fishermen, whose faces were so bronzed by exposure to sun and wind that the peculiarity of their complexions was not likely to be remarked, especially as the port whither we were bound possessed a mixed and many-colored population.

The "Sunflower" was to take back a cargo of horses; and I arranged with Bolsover to meet us on our return from England, the date of which we fixed approximately beforehand.

As I anticipated, we had not long to wait for a homeward-bound steamer. Our voyage to the Thames was unmarked by any incident of importance. A high-fitting dress, and a foulard carefully adjusted and continually worn, prevented the peculiar color of Mab's neck from being much noticed. But her tall stature, splendid proportions, and powerful face, and, I am bound to add, her somewhat imperious manner, could not escape observation; and owing to the acuteness of her senses she often overheard remarks, complimentary and the reverse, which gave her more annoyance than amusement. For this reason, and for others which will suggest themselves to the reader, I decided to leave her in London while I went to Liverpool to see my mother and inform her of what had happened to me. But on my arrival thither I found, to my great grief, that she had died a few weeks previously It was, however, a consolation to know that her death was in no way connected with my absence; it arose from an organic complaint of long standing, and up to the last moment of her life she had cherished the hope of seeing me again.

After settling her affairs and calling on poor Mrs. Peyton, I rejoined my wife, and we left London immediately. Although the great city interested her much, she found life there intolerable, and was beginning to suffer seriously in health. The never-ceasing din distressed her beyond measure; she could hear voices through an ordinary wall as distinctly as I could hear them through a paper partition; hear a cough in the attic, a ticking watch in the basement. In the hotels at which we stayed I had to engage the rooms both above and below ours, and on either side of them, in order that they might be unoccupied. But I could neither suppress the noises outside, nor purify the air inside; and the queen's sense of smell being as acute as her other senses, she suffered even more from the evil odors of London than its incessant racket. So for the short remainder of our stay in England I took a furnished villa near Penmaenmawr, where the only sounds which Mab was compelled to hear were the murmur of the waves, the soughing of the wind, and the singing of birds, and where the air, though less balmy, was as pure as that of Fair Island itself.

Before leaving London I sold some fifty thousand pounds' worth of pearls, and purchased such things as Mab thought her people most required.

To the managing owners of the "Diana," I remitted a bank draft for the declared value of her cargo, with no other explanation than that, although the ship herself had become a total wreck, I had been so fortunate as to dispose of the cargo for an amount that, I was glad to think, would recoup the underwriters the greater part of the claims for which they were liable.

To one friend only—an old school-fellow whom I accidentally met in London—did I introduce my wife and tell my story. To this gentleman, moreover, my book, if I may call it mine, will owe its existence. Himself a pressman and a writer of stories, he was good enough to say that my personal narrative, "put into proper shape," might make a readable book; and he offered, if I would give him the necessary particulars, to act as its literary sponsor, and see the work through the press. Mab and I, after some hesitation, agreed to this proposal, making it, however, an imperative condition that the precise whereabouts of the island should on no account be disclosed—for the present.

The first and greater part of my narrative was then taken down in short-hand; the remainder I have written on the voyage out; and as I add these lines, Bolsover is waiting with the "Sunflower" to convey us and a second consignment of horses to Fair Island.

In the not distant future I hope that Mab and I may have so far overcome her people's prejudice against strangers, and their love of isolation, that we shall be permitted to say where we are, and in some future edition of "A Queer Race" invite those of my readers who may feel so disposed to pay us a visit in our island home.

THE END.

ADELLE'S MISTAKE.

"And you have made up your mind to refuse George Emerson?" asked little Clarice Mallory, as she looked up at Adelle Rivers' proud, beautiful face. "Think well before you throw away the love of such a man."

Adelle laughed softly and shook her handsome head. "You are full of romantic ideas, my dear. Wait until you have been out three seasons, like me, and have learned the value of money. Then you will not believe so much in the romance of love in a cottage," and she laughed again, but there was more bitterness than mirth in its sound.

"Yet you were content to lead him on month after month," continued the other. "You made him believe you loved him; and see how it has all ended," looking reproachfully out of her brown eyes at Adelle, who was rocking seriously back and forth in her chair as if she began to feel her coward conscience.

"Clarice, I do love him," she exclaimed, passionately, at last. "But we should be miserable attempting to live on his salary. Why, I spend more on trifles now for myself. I must not let my heart run away with my head."

"But, Adelle, we all have to make sacrifices in this world," said Clarice, rising and putting her arm round Adelle. "It will be only for a short time, perhaps. George holds an honorable position, and it is far safer to marry him than one who is a millionaire to-day perhaps and a beggar to-morrow. If you love him, Adelle, think of how he must suffer. My heart aches for him," said Clarice, in a trembling voice, and her eyes filled with tears.

"Oh, do go away, Clarice—you make me nervous. If you keep on in that strain we will have a scene directly, and you know how I detest scenes. I think you're half in love with George Emerson, Clarice, and if you feel so sorry for him why don't you try to catch his heart in the rebound?"

Adelle's last sentence was uttered sneeringly, and Clarice shrank away from her as if she had received a blow.

"Oh, Adelle!" was all she said, as she covered her burning face with her hands.

"Now, little Brown Eyes, don't act silly. Come, let's go in the house—it is chilly out here," and Adelle led the way out of the summer-house.

As the girls walked across the lawn a gentlemen stepped around from the side of the summer-house. It was George Emerson. He was passing the summer-house, when his attention was attracted by the mention of his name. Naturally enough he stood and listened and overheard the conversation between Adelle and Clarice.

A look of mingled bitterness and disgust was on his face as he watched the tall, queenly figure; but as his eyes wandered to Clarice Mallory, his features underwent a change. The bitter expression was gone, and the cold, glittering gleam disappeared from the depths of his blue eyes. Perhaps his heart was caught on the rebound. Who knows?

"I suppose you haven't heard the news?" said Mr. Mallory, Clarice's father, to his family and guests assembled at the breakfast table next morning. "George Emerson's uncle died and has left him an immense fortune."

Everybody was surprised. Clarice looked over at Adelle, who sat opposite. Her face was as white as death, but she made no comment on Mr. Emerson's good fortune.

About an hour after Clarice was alone in the sitting-room. There was a sad, troubled expression in her brown eyes, and her dimpled chin rested in the palm of her hand. She was thinking of George Emerson.

"If this news had only come a day sooner Adelle would have acted differently," said Clarice, with a sigh.

"And I would be a miserable man for the remainder of my life," said a pleasant voice behind her.

"Mr. Emerson!" cried Clarice, as she rose, in confusion. "I didn't hear you coming in."

"Perhaps I wanted to surprise you," said Mr. Emerson, smiling. "Are you not going to congratulate me on my good fortune?"

"I wish it had come yesterday," said Clarice, her eyes hidden away under the drooping lids.

"Yes, that's what I heard you say a moment ago, but I'm very glad it didn't. Clarice, do you want to make me the happiest man in creation?" and he took Clarice's hand in his.

"I wish I could, Mr. Emerson," said Clarice, wonderingly.

"Clarice, I love you! Will you share my fortune with me? Will you be my wife?"

"Mr. Emerson, I thought—I thought—" and Clarice hung her head and tried to release her hand from George Emerson's grasp.

"You thought I was in love with Adelle? Yes, Clarice, men often make fools of themselves by loving with their eyes. Until yesterday I hadn't sense enough to know what a precious jewel was near me all these months." George Emerson told Clarice what he had overheard in the summer-house.

"Will you be my wife, Clarice?" he replied, as he drew her toward him.

"Yes," she whispered, hiding her blushing face on his shoulder.

Just then a footstep sounded in the hall. Somebody was coming, and Clarice hastily disengaged herself from her lover's embrace, and fled from the room. As she stepped out in the hall she met Adelle, but she hurried past her, not daring to trust herself to speak.

George Emerson was standing where Clarice left him when Adelle entered the room.

Her eyes were downcast, and her beautiful face was the picture of sorrow as she walked over to him and laid her hand on his arm.

"George, I've been wretched since I parted with you yesterday. I've been watching for your coming all the morning. I want to tell you that I have changed my mind."

"So have I, Miss Rivers. I am going to marry Clarice Mallory."

Miss Rivers' feelings can better be imagined than described.

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RAILROAD TRACK LAYING.

How Much Of It Was Accomplished During 1891.

New York, Dec. 30.—In its issue of this week Engineering News will publish its usual annual summary of railroad track laid in the United States during the year. According to the figures here given there have been 4,093 miles of new railway constructed between Jan. 1, 1891, and Jan. 1, 1892, which brings the total mileage of the United States up to 171,106. This is a decrease of 1,574 miles from last year's figures, or the smallest mileage built during any year since 1885, when only 3,131 miles of track were laid. This decrease is quite evenly distributed over the country, each group of states showing a decrease with the exception of the Middle States—New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware and Maryland—which show an increase of fifty-three per cent. over last year, and the largest mileage constructed during any year since 1883. The six South Atlantic states have laid the largest amount of new track—1,096 miles—and the six New England states the smallest—fifty miles. The state of Pennsylvania heads the list, with 253 miles, and is followed, in order, by Georgia, Washington and South Carolina, with 244 miles, 220 miles and 219 miles respectively.

PATENT NEW YEAR RESOLVES.

I will get up and dress when the breakfast bell rings.

I will not complain when everything goes to suit me.

I will treat my wife as politely as though she was a perfect stranger.

I will strive to be more thoughtful for my own comfort, that others, seeing me happy, may also endeavor to be contented.

I will not spend so much money this year on the useless frivolities of life.

I will remember the poor it I have to make a memorandum to that effect every morning.

I will endeavor to impress upon my family the duty of greeting, with cheerful voices and laughing faces, the father of a family when he returns home, wearied with the depressing cares and labors of a long business day

I will go out by myself oftener, in order that my family may enjoy the tranquil and improving pleasure of a long, uninterrupted evening in the quiet sanctity of a happy home.

I must be more unselfish, and take better care of myself that I may long be spared to be the joy and light of the home which it has pleased an appreciative Providence to bestow upon me.

I will pay my pew rent this year, if I have to deny myself a new overcoat, and my children have to go without shoes. I feel that we have not heretofore sufficiently denied ourselves in little luxuries for the sake of maintaining a good appearance at church.

I will be, in all things, an affectionate husband, a loving father, a good provider; and I will rear up a family that will love and respect me, and render to me prompt and cheerful obedience, with perfect deference to my wishes and thoughtful regard ior my comfort, or I will break their backs fn the attempt.—Burdette.

DEATH OF MOLLIE KELLEY.

Miss Mollie Kelley, a bright and accomplished young lady, died on Wednesday evening at 5 o'clock at the home of her aunt, Mrs. Daley on East Lamb street, from typhoid pneumonia. The circumstances surrounding the illness and death of the young lady are extremely sad and are about as follows:

Miss Mollie was a daughter of the widow Kelley who lives in Boggs township. She was a school teacher and had been teaching in Rush township. Last week she came to Bellefonte to attend the teacher's institute and at the time was suffering with a severe cold. Owing to the disagreeable weather and the change from the heated court room to the damp weather outside her cold grew worse and soon developed into an aggravated case of la grippe which brought on typhoid pneumonia. Although everything possible was done and the best of medical skill was rendered it did not avail and after less than a week's illness the disease did its work and the young lady died at the time above stated.

SAD FATE OF A SHARON GIRL.

Philadelphia, Dec. 28.—Investigations are being made by the Coroner's officials into the death of Frankie Alberts, a young girl whose sudden demise at the almshouse hospital yesterday appears to be the result of malpractice. The girl was brought to the institution about a week ago. On Saturday, finding she was about to die, she confided the story of her life, which is the old one of a woman's love and misplaced confidence, to Father McElhone, her spiritual adviser, to whom she gave her name as Mary Frances Alberts, stating her father was a well-to-do farmer at Sharon, Pa.

The latter was notified at once of his daughter's critical condition, and tele graphed to send her home if it was possible to move her. When the answer was received the girl was dead, and in answer to a second telegram to that effect, Mr. Alberts wired that he would be off to claim his daughter's body.

MARRIED.

Johnstonbaugh—Keeler—At the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Keeler, on Christmas day, December 25. 1891. by the Rev, N. B. Smith, Mr. Chas. C. Johnstonbaugh and Miss Mary I. Keeler; both of Centre county.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

Is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.

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Single Bottle (over 50 doses), - - .60
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In use 30 years. The only successful remedy for Nervous Debility, Vital Weakness, and Prostration, from over-work or other causes. $1 per vial, or 5 vials and large vial powder, for $5. Sold by Druggists, or sent postpaid on receipt of price.
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THE PASTILLE CURE FOR NERVOUS DEBILITY

(VITALLY WEAK). Made so by too close application to business or study; severe mental strain or grief; SEXUAL EXCESSES in middle life, or vicious habits contracted in youth.
WEAK MEN ARE VICTIMS TO NERVOUS DEBILITY or EXHAUSTION, WASTING WEAKNESS, INVOLUNTARY LOSSES with EARLY DECAY in YOUNG and MIDDLE AGED; lack of vim, vigor, and strength, with sexual organs impaired and weakened prematurely in approaching old age.
WHEN WE SAY CURE We speak from knowledge of PERMANENT RESULTS in many thousand cases treated and cured in past twelve years.
Free Trial As evidence of our faith in Prof. Harris' SOLUBLE MEDICATED PASTILLES, we offer eight days trial ABSOLUTELY FREE. All men, young or old, suffering from this prevalent trouble should send their address so we can furnish question to be answered, that we may know the true condition of each case and prepare medicine to effect a prompt cure. Located in New York (after 12 years at St. Louis), we offer all a chance to be cured by the celebrated Pastille Treatment.
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of both sexes, by an entirely new discovery. BLOOD POISON discharges etc., obstinate hard or soft ulcers, skin eruptions, blotches, pimples, swellings, inflammations, Bladder, Kidney, Heart, Lung, Liver, stomach, mouth, throat, nose, early decay, debility, loss of mental and physical strength, melancholy, pains from excesses or youthful errors. Cure is positive and lasting relief at once. Fresh cases cured in 4 to 10 days, no experiment but skill and science. Do not be humbugged by deceiving advertisements but call or write and be cured. $15,000 will be paid to any advertising Doctor or Quacks who can show as many hopeless cases cured as I can. Send 2 cents stamp for book "TRUTH" and sworn testimonials, exposing quacks and advice to all sufferers and those contemplating marriage. Office Hours—Every Day from 9 A. M. to 8 P. M., Evenings 6—8, Wednesday & Saturday Evenings from 6—10. Sundays from 9—12. Strictly confidential.
For References see Wed. and Sat. Philadelphia Times.

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Snug little fortunes have been made at work for us, by Anna Page, Austin, Texas, and Jno. Penn, Toledo, Ohio. See cut. Others are doing as well. Why not you? Some earn over $500.00 a month. You can do the work and live at home, wherever you are. Even beginners are easily earning from $5 to $10 a day. All ages. We show you how and start you. Can work in spare time or all the time. Big money for workers. Failure unknown among them. NEW and wonderful. Particulars free.
H. Hallett & Co., Box 880 Portland, Maine

CHURCH IMPROVEMENT.

The Presbyterian Church to be Remodeled and Fixed Up.

A meeting of the trustees of the Presbyterian church was held on Thursday afternoon to discuss the advisability of remodeling the interior of that handsome edifice and entirely changing the arrangement of it, and to discuss new plans and determine what style to adopt.

After a fair discussion of the subject it was decided to make a change, but when it came to discussing the style or plan to adopt everybody was at sea. Not, however, because of any lack of plans or styles—for these were as numerous as the fashion plates in a new spring catalogue, but because the trustees could not come to an understanding, or rather a decision, on which one to adopt. However there seems to be a likelihood that the following changes will be made:

Raise the floor in front about eighteen inches; take out the old benches and put in chairs to be arranged in circle; instead of three aisles there will be four—one at each side and two at equal distances apart through the church; the pulpit will be brought forward out of the alcove and, maybe, placed in the corner of the church, and also lowered to almost the level of the floor; the alcove will then be fixed up for a choir gallery. Vibration wires will be put in the chnrch and the whole thing finished with new paint and vanish, frescoing, etc.

When the Presbyterian church was erected the style of church architecture were somewhat limited. If a congregation were able to put up four walls, cover them with a substantial roof, put a large tower on top, benches and a pulpit inside, it was considered they had a beautiful house of worship. But in recent years the styles of architecture for churches have been entirely revolutionized and now are built with an eye to affording more comfort and better facilities for both pastor and congregation. That the Presbyterian church was sadly lacking in both of the latter has long been known by everyone and now that there is a move to modernize it the fact will be hailed with joy by all.

THE OLD YEAR.

The old year, 1891, is now a thing of the past. The three hundred and sixty-five days intervening since January 1, 1891, have been days fraught with every phase of social, political, and governmental life in which the changes wrought seem to have been more marvelous than in any preceding year; while the general agricultural prosperity of the whole nation is away above par. It is true, there has been a seeming dullness in some of the manufacturing centres but not more than that of previous years. So that on the whole the year just closed has been a prosperous one alike to all.

But what changes it has wrought! How many of the world's great men passed from time into eternity and we know them now only by the gilded pages they have emblazoned on the world's history. They have gone to that "Undiscovered country" but their memories will be honored and revered by prosterity for ages and ages. But what a lesson it teaches! Life is but a brittle thread easily broken; man holds the one end and swaying all the time over the yawning abyss of death. When the grim reaper comes and the silver thread is severed, where, oh where will the drop land you!

But as the year 1891 has been a prosperous one so, also, is the outlook for 1892; Yea, even more so. Hope is a great flatterer, but under all there seems to be a conviction that the most sanguine expectation for 1892 will be realized. It is to be hoped that Bellefonte will enjoy a greater share of the world's prosperity in 1892 than it did in 1891. That all its furnaces and manufactories may be in full blast; that we may have a new railroad and more public works and that our beautiful mountain city may bud and blossom as the rose.

But aside from this the year 1892 will be an all important one politically. A new Chief Magistrate is to be chosen and this fact alone gives promise of lively times. Thus far the finger of destiny has failed to point directly to the man, or men, who will run the gauntlet of paper bullets in order to reach the goal at the white house. But it dosen't much matter. Let the man be who he will the excitement will be just as great and the political battle just as hard. Again, to one and all, the *Daily News* bespeaks a happy and prosperous new year.

ESPECIALLY THE PRINTER.

There are few persons who would think of stealing the money with which to buy Christmas presents, yet there are many who in reality do this. There is a pleasure in giving which prompts many a man to throw consistency to the dogs. The man who foolishly buys presents with money he owes to others is virtually stealing it. The better way, before making Christmas presents is to find out what you owe and pay it. Settle up the little accounts with the grocer, the butcher, the baker and the printer, and then, with a clean conscience, go ahead and provide for your friends.—*Blizzard.*

THE LOGANS' BALL.

Thursday night was the night for the masquerade ball of the Logan *Hose* company, and the same was held in the hall on third floor of the Bush Arcade. The grand march took place promptly at 9 o'clock and was participated in by about forty couple. From that time on the enjoyment of the festive dance was kept up until the "wee sma' hours." Music was furnished by a select orchestra. The Zion band came in and led the street parade before the ball. The attendance was quite large and all seemed to enjoy themselves.

OUR INEXHAUSTIBLE COAL SUPPLY.

To get an idea of the probably inexhaustible coal supply, compare America with England. The New York *World* says: Some years ago investigation was made to ascertain how long the supply of coal would last in that country. The drain upon the mines there is not alone for the manufacturing in Sheffield, Manchester, London and other cities, but English coal is exported to far away countries.

In 1874 the output of the mines of the world was 260,000,000 tons, of which England furnished 125,000,000 tons, or about one half. Investigation showed that the supply, within 4,000 feet of the surface, which was available, was so great that at its average of 125;000.000 tons a year, it would not be exhausted for 1,120 years. England has a coal area of 12,000 square miles, while in the United States the area is 120,000, or ten times as great. Consequently, if one-half of the output for the world were to come from mines in this country at the rate of consumption when the investigation was made, the supply would last 11,200 years.

But it has been found that as the world grows the consumption of coal increases in a geometric ratio, so that this period cannot be counted as the time when the supply will be exhausted. It is enough to say that the supply in the United States is practically inexhaustible, and that as a coal-producing country the United States is without a rival.

DEATH OF EDITH BOAK.

After an illness of almost a year Miss Edith Boak, the accomplished daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Cameron Boak, formerly of Snow Shoe, this county, but now of Hughesville, Lycoming county, died at her parents residence in the latter place on Wednesday evening about 9 o'clock.

Miss Boak was a niece of Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Cook, of this place, and having frequently visited in Bellefonte had hosts of friends here who will mourn her untimely death. The young lady was highly accomplished, a pleasant companion and a loving daughter and her death, in the first flush of womanhood, will be a severe blow to her affectionate parents as well as her many friends.

The funeril will occur on Saturday morning at 10.30 o'clock, interment to be made at Hughesville.

MORE TROUBLE FOR DILL.

Clearfield, Pa., December 30.—At a hearing this afternoon before 'Squire L. K McCullough, W. H. Dill, late president of the First National bank, of this place, and also president of the Houtzdale bank, was held in $3,000 bail for his appearance at February quarter session for this county. The plaintiff was the Houtzdale bank, the evidence showing that W. H. Dill had drawn a draft on the Chestnut Street National bank of Philadelphia, for $25,000, transfering this amount from the Houtzdale bank to the First National of this place, and afterwards to his individual account. The plaintiff was represented by Attorney Orlady, of Huntingdon, and W. I. Shaw, of *Houtzdale*, while the defense was looked after by Orvis & Snyder.

A NEW YEAR.

Another year has joined the dead past, and a new year stands upon the threshold of the future. We are all growing older, going every year more and more into the shadow wiser and ought to be growing better. Let us not regret the flight of years. We have had our youth and we are willing that others should have their turn.

The sun is just as warm to age as to youth, and sometimes just as bright. The old enjoy just as much as the young, only with different joy. As long as we live we can be happy in some way, and so we wish all of our readers and patrons whether old or young, or neither, a Happy New Year.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria

Had Twenty-Six Bullets in His Body.

Mount Sterling, Ky., December 30.—Jere Little, the famous Breathill county outlaw, was accidentally killed near Jackson on Monday. While rolling logs his cant hook slipped, throwing him down and an immense log rolled over him, crushing every bone in his body and mashing his head to a pulp: Little was the leader of the famous Little-Strong war a few years ago in Breathill county, and had twenty six bullets in his body at the time of his death.

WASHINGTON GRIP SUFFERERS.

Washington, December 30.—Mrs. Harrison is suffering with cold but expects to be able to assist at the president's New Year reception. Secretary Foster spent a short time at the treasury department this afternoon. Assistant Secretary Nettleton is still confined to his house with the grip, but is better to-day. General Superintendent Kimball, of the life serving service is down with the grip. Senator Proctor is canvalescent and was able to leave his house to-day.

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Consumption Surely Cured.

To the Editor:—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above-named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy FREE to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their Express and P. O. address. Respectfully, T. A. SLOCUM, M. C., 181 Pearl St., N. Y.

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The Most Successful Remedy ever discovered, as it is certain in its effects and does not blister. Read proof below:

Brooklyn, Conn., May 5, '90.
Dr. B. J. Kendall Co.:
Sirs:—Last Summer I cured a Curb upon my horse with your celebrated Kendall's Spavin Cure and it was the best job I ever saw done. I have a dozen empty bottles, having used it with perfect success, curing every thing I tried it on. My neighbor had a horse with a very bad Spavin that made him lame. He asked me how to cure it. I recommended Kendall's Spavin Cure. He cured the Spavin in just three weeks.
Yours respectfully,
Wolcott Witter.

Columbus, Ohio, April 4, '90.
Dr. B. J. Kendall Co.:
Dear Sirs:—I have been selling more of Kendall's Spavin Cure and Flint's Condition Powders than ever before. One man said to me, it was the best Powder I ever kept and the best he ever used.
Respectfully,
Otto L. Hoffman.

Chittenango, N. Y., May 12, '90.
Dr. B. J. Kendall Co.,
Dear Sirs:—I have used several bottles of your Kendall's Spavin Cure with perfect success, on a valuable and blooded mare that was quite lame with a Bone Spavin. The mare is now entirely free from lameness and shows *no bunch on the joint.*
Respectfully, F. H. Hutchins.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

Monroe, La., May 8, '90.
Dr. B. J. Kendall Co.,
Gents:—I think it my duty to render you my thanks for your far famed Kendall's Spavin Cure. I had a four year old filly which I prized very highly. She had a very severe swollen leg. I tried about eight different kinds of medicines which did no good. I purchased a bottle of your Kendall's Spavin Cure which cured her in four days.
I remain yours,
Marion Dotson.

Price $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5. All druggists have it or can get it for you, or it will be sent to any address on receipt of price by the proprietors. Dr. B. J. Kendall Co., Enosburgh Falls, Vermont.

FOR MEN ONLY!

A Positive Cure for LOST or FAILING MANHOOD, General and NERVOUS DEBILITY; Weakness of Body and Mind, Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Robust, Noble MANHOOD Fully Restored. How to enlarge and strengthen WEAK, UNDEVELOPED ORGANS & PARTS OF BODY. Absolutely unfailing HOME TREATMENT—Benefits in a day. Men testify from 50 States and Foreign Countries. Write them. Descriptive Book, explanation and proofs mailed (sealed) free. Address ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

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will be paid for a recipe enabling us to make Wolff's Acme Blacking at such a price that the retailer can profitably sell it at 10c. a bottle. At present the retail price is 20c.

This offer is open until January 1st., 1893. For particulars address the undersigned.

Acme Blacking is made of pure alcohol, other liquid dressings are made of water. Water costs nothing. Alcohol is dear. Who can show us how to make it without alcohol so that we can make Acme Blacking as cheap as water dressing, or put it in fancy packages like many of the water dressings, and then charge for the outside appearance instead of charging for the contents of the bottle?

WOLFF & RANDOLPH, Philadelphia.

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A paint of which a 25c. bottle [illegible] six scratched and dulled [illegible] like newly finished ma[illegible] will do many other remarkable [illegible] no other paint can do. All retailers sell it.

To Recover from the Grip

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GRAPE WINES,

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UNFERMENTED GRAPE JUICE

Used in the principal Churches for Communion
Excellent for females weakly persons and the aged

ADOPTED IN HOSPITALS AS THE BEST FOR INVALIDS

Speer's Port Grape Wine!

FOUR YEARS OLD.

THIS CELEBRATED WINE is the pure juice of the dead ripe Oporto Grape, raised in Speer's vineyards, and left hanging until they shrink and become partly raisined before gathering. Its invaluable

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are unsurpassed by any other Wines. Being produced under Mr. Speer's personal supervision, its purity and genuineness are guaranteed by the principal Hospitals and Boards of Health who have examined it. The youngest child and the weakest invalids use it to advantage. It is particularly beneficial to the aged and debilitated, and suited to the various ailments that affect the weaker sex.

It is in every respect A WINE TO BE RELIED ON

Speer's Unfermented Grape Juice.

Speer's Socialite Claret

It is held in high estimation for its richness as Dry Table Wine, especially suited for dinner use.

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Is a wine of Superior Character and partakes of the rich qualities of the grape from which it is made.

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IS A PURE distillation of the grape, and stands unrivalled in this Country for medical purposes.

It has a peculiar flavor, simular to that of the grapes from which it is distilled.

See that the signature of "ALFRED SPEER Passaic, N. J.," is over the cork of each bottle.

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CONGRESS IN SESSION

CRISP ILL, McMILLEN ELECTED SPEAKER PRO TEM.

PANACEAS IN THE SHAPE OF MEASURES THE SPONSERS OF WHICH DOUBTLESS THINK THEY WILL CURE ALL THE ILLS FOR WHICH THEY WERE FRAMED

Washington, January 5.—The senate to-day passed a joint resolution authorising the secretary of the navy to use a government vessel or charter a vessel for transporting the contributions of food to the starving Russians. The total amount of flour expected to be contributed is six million pounds. The resolution limits the appropriation to $100,000. President Harrison sent a message to congress expressing sympathy with the proposed scheme to send supplies to Russia.

The fifth annual report of the inter-state commerce commission was submitted to congress to-day. Senator Stewart added a new feature to the silver question to-day by the introduction of a resolution founded on the proposition that the holders of silver bullion are entitled, under an existing law never repealed so far as the senator can ascertain, to the free coinage of silver.

The president to-day sent to the senate a number of nominations, among which were the following: Inter-state commerce commissioners, James W. McDill, Iowa, vice Thomas N. Cooley, resigned, William H. Lindsey, Kentucky, vice W. L. Bragg, deceased, William R. Morrison, Illinois (reappointment), Fourth assistant postmaster general, Estes G. Rathborn, Ohio, William D. McCoy, Indiana, minister resident and consul general to Liberia, Chief Engineer George N. Melville, United States engineer-in-chief and chief of the bureau of steam engineering, with relative rank of commodore.

These bills were introduced: To amend the pension act of June 10, 1890, for the payment of the French spoliation claims, prohibiting options, trusts and combinations.

Senator Washburn's joint resolution was adopted, authorizing the secretary of the navy to transport food to the suffering inhabitants of Russia.

Senator Perkins, of Kansas, took the oath of office. The resolution offered by Vest December 10, requesting the President to negotiate with England for the abrogation or modification of the regulations which require that cattle from the United States to be slaughtered at the port of entry, was adopted.

Adjourned.

IN THE HOUSE.

Washington, January 5.—The condition of Speaker Crisp continues to improve but it will probably be at least two weeks befor his health will permit him safely to resume his duties. The speaker was consulted as to his wishes with reference to the speaker pro tem. of the house. He said that the rules did not give him authority to name a temporary successor and that he did not wish to express any preference, but to leave it to the members of the house uninfluenced by him in the selection of the Speaker pro tem. The rules committee held a meeting this morning and decided upon Mr. McMillin, of Tennessee, as speaker pro tem. There was no disposition on the part of the republican members of the committee to take advantage of the embarrassments arising from the speaker's illness, and it was decided to permit the ordinary details of legislation to proceed without obstruction or delay.

When the house met this morning on motion of Mr. Springer Mr. McMillin was elected speaker pro tem. A resolution was reported and agreed to from the committee on rules providing for the introduction to-day of public bills under a call of states.

Under the call of states in the house to-day 375 bills of a public character were introduced among them being bills having the following objects. Appointment of special committee to investigate the operation and effects of the customs administrations act; authorizing the national banking associations to loan money on real estate securities; admission of Indian Territory as a state; to absolutely prohibit Chinese from coming to the United States; the free coinage of silver; making Labor Day a national holiday; for free binding twine; the taxation of trusts; the establishment of income tax; election of postmasters by a vote of the people; purity of the ballot by investigation of the pension bureau; repeal of the sugar bounty law; establishment of a uniform method of coupling cars; investigation of the Chicago exposition change of the monetary system; prohibition of usury: free lumber, free wool, coal and iron ore; repeal of the law authorizing the purchase of silver; free sugar equalization of taxation; one cent letter postage; more coinage and paper money; free mail delivery in rural districts; enforcement of the eight-hour law; woman suffrage, and in support of the common schools.

Adjourned.

In Honor of Old Hickory.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Jan. 5.—The following explains itself: "The Ladies' Hermitage Association, whose mission is to save from ruin and decay the house of Andrew Jackson and guard the tomb where sleeps the old hero, respectfully requests the Governors of States and military commands throughout the Union to honor the memory of General Jackson by firing a salute on the 8th of January, in commemoration of his victory at the battle of New Orleans."

CUSTER'S FATAL CHARGE.

A Controversy Over Statements Made at General Terry's Funeral.

New Haven, Conn., January 5.—In his memorial sermon at the funeral of Major General Alfred H. Terry Rev. Theodore T Munger, pastor of the United Church, this city, referred to the massacre of General Custer's command in June, 1876. He said:

"Custer's fatal movement was in direct violation of both verbal and written orders. When his rashness and disobedience ended in the total destruction of his command General Terry withheld the fact of the disobeyed orders and suffered an imputation hurtful to his own military reputation rather than subject a brave but indiscreet subordinate to a charge of disobedience."

In the January number of the Century James B. Fry, in commenting on Dr. Munger's remarks, quoted above, says: "When called to account for the accusation which he made against one dead soldier at the Christian burial of another, Dr Munger gave Colonel R. P. Hughes, of the United States army, a brother-in-law of General Terry, and for a long time his aide, as authority for his defamatory assertion. Colonel Hughes denies having authorized Dr. Munger to make the statement, though he admits that he was the source of the doctor's information."

Rev. Mr. Munger, speaking of General Frye's criticism, said: "Prior to the funeral Colonel Hughes, in conversation about General Terry and of his connection with the ill-fated Indian wars, said that Custer had disobeyed both written and verbal orders. He (Hughes) had listened to the verbal orders and knew what they were. Colonel Hughes stated that he had several times urged General Terry to tell the whole story of the affair, as it was due him that the whole affair should be cleared up. Terry replied that he did not dare to disclose the facts, as he, living, could stand it better than General Custer, who was dead. Colonel Hughes suggested that in my remarks I should refer to the statement as it was. That is the reason I did so. That is all there is to it, so far as I am concerned. If there is more to the story it is likely that it will come from the soldiers who know the facts."

WILL WAR ON THE TARIFF.

Washington, D. C., January 5.—The fact that it is generally recognized to be the policy of the speaker and the ways and means committee of the house to attack the McKinley tariff law by specific bills, abolishing or greatly reducing the duties on separate articles, was strikingly shown to-day in the character by the various tariff bills, which were introduced under the call of states. Some fifteen or twenty bills were introduced, proposing to place some article or other on the free list. Wood, coal, cotton, iron, tin and tin plates and binders' twine were the commodities which were named in a majority of the measures. Some members bunched several of these articles in a single bill, while others, notably Rews, of Massachusetts, who introduced a half dozen or more bills, changing the present tariff law included but a single item in each measure introduced. Several bills proposed the abolition of sugar bounties and one sought a repeal of the reciprocity section of the McKinley act so far as it gives the president power to reimpose duties on hides, sugar, molasses, etc.

Drunkenness, or the Liquor Habit, Positively Cured by administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific

It is manufactured as a powder, which can be given in a glass of beer, a cup of coffee, or tea, or in food, without the knowledge of the patient. It is absolutely harmless, and will affect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. It has been given in thousands of cases, and in every instance a perfect cure has followed. It never fails. The system once impregnated with the Specific, it becomes an utter impossibility for the liquor appetite to exist. Cures guaranteed. 48 page book of particulars free. Address

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Apr-25-1yr.

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He Wants $50,000.

San Francisco, January 6.—Papers have been forwarded to Secretary Blaine for a claim against Chili for $50,000, by Patric Shields, the fireman of steamer Keweenaw who was maltreated while in Valparaiso by a Chilian mob. In the circuit court of appeals yesterday the suit brought by the government against the schooner Robert and Minnie, for violating the neutrality laws in furnishing arms to the Chilian steamer Itata was dismissed.

Fire in Coleville.

A few moments before nine o'clock on Wednesday night the citizens of Bellefonte were aroused by the sounding of the fire alarm. On examination it was found that the blaze was in Coleville and that the building was an unoccupied house belonging to Isaac Dawson. The house was totally destroyed but no other property damaged. It is not known how the fire originated. Loss about $1,000 on which there was a small insurance.

—A fair-sized house greeted "O'Flynn in Mexico" on Wednesday evening, and the play was appreciated fully as much as when played here earlier in the season. Alfred Keicy and his company will always receive a warm welcome in Bellefonte.

Advertise in the NEWS.

YIELDS TO DEATH

D. S. RUMBERGER DIES ON SUNDAY EVENING.

HE ATTENDS CHURCH TWICE ON SUNDAY AND BEFORE MIDNIGHT IS A CORPS—SKETCH OF HIS LIFE.

Monday's Philipsburg Journal.

The citizens of our town were startled yesterday evening when it was announced that our friend and fellow townsman, Mr. D. S. Rumberger, was dead. Those who associated with him, both in business and in church fellowship, could scarcely realize the solem fact. Mr. Rumberger enjoyed the Christmas festivities with his family and also in the church. On Sunday morning and evening he was found in his place, in the Presbyterian church. After he returned home from church on Sunday night, he was attacked by the terrible disease, which so soon terminated his earthly existence. The cause of his death, was inflammation of the bowels.

The subject of this sketch was born at Centre Line Huntingdon county, Pa, on March 28, 1840, died Jan 3. 1892, aged 50 years, 10 months and 6 days. He has been a resident of this place about seven years. During that time he has been the efficient and accommodating freight agent of the P. R. R. Prior to his coming here, he served a number of years as ticket and freight agent for P. R. R. Co. at Unionville, in this county. He was also engaged in the mercantile business with his brother, B. S. Rumberger, at Petersburg, Huntingdon county. He was married to Miss Caroline Holman of Fillmore, Centre county, on December 25, 1866, who survives him, together with four daughters and one son.

Mr. Rumberger was a consistent and faithful member of the Presbyterian church in this place, and was secretary of the Sunday school at the time of his death. He stood very high in the estimation of the officials of the Pennsylvania Railroad as an upright and efficient agent.

His familiar and pleasant face will no longer be seen upon our streets. He will be greatly missed by the citizens of our town, by the P. R. R. Co., and especially by the Presbyterian church and Sunday school. Besides his immediate family four brothers and two sisters survive him: Joseph S., of Half Moon; Balser S., of Petersburg; Mrs. Mary Ann Hamlin, of Kansas; George W., of Unionville; T. C., of Chester Hil; and Mrs. Sarah Tibbens, of College township, this county.

The heartbroken widow and children have the sympathy of all with whom they have been acquainted. While they mourn over the departure of a loving husband and affectionate father, they have the blessed assurance that their loss is his eternal gain.

The funeral will take place on Wednesday morning, leaving the house ot 10 o'clock and repairing to the Presbyterian church, where the services will be held. Rev. S. A. Cornelius, of Oil City, a former pastor, is expected to be present to assist in the solemn services. May the bereaved family receive an abundant measure of the grace of God in this the most trying hour of their lives, and may they look forward to a glorous reunion in heaven when their life on earth is ended.

UNIONVILLE ITEMS.

One inch of snow fell here on Monday, which started the sporting people of our town out for a fox hunt, but it resulted in more hunting than foxes. The rabbits and turkeys seemed to know their season of safety had come, and showed themselves in goodly numbers.

Rev. B. B. Henshey and wife, of Indiana, Pa., will be in this place for a few days. They came here to attend the funeral of ex-Postmaster A. N. Russell.

Quite a number of cases of grip are reported in town and the neighborhood.

Elwood Fisher has just recovered from a severe attack of rheumatism, and his father, William Fisher, is confined to the house with a bad cold.

The excitement and hilarity of the holidays have subsided, and nearly everybody has settled down to their everyday duties.

The old brick tannery stack, which has stood for many years a lone sentinel over the ruins of the once busy mart of our town, was a few days ago undermined by Mr. Buck, and came down with a crash which vibrated from hill to hill.

Rev. Koontz, of Bellefonte, has begun a series of meetings in the Union Church here, which will no doubt revive a religious ardor in many souls.

W. C. Vanvalin, the dentist, has become a fruit dealer. He bought a carload of apples in different parts of the county, which he is shipping to parts of the West where fruit is scarce.

Mr. Clyde Vanvalin, who for some time has been employed at Renova, Pa., returned home during the holidays, and will remain for some time and take lessons at Mrs. Cleaver's evening school.

Surveyor J. Cleaver, in connection with E. C. Humes and W. F. Reynolds, of Bellefonte, attended a bridge view at Milesburg on Wednesday. J.

Beech Creek to Enter Altoona.

It is now definitely settled that the Beech Breek and New York Central Railroads are to gain an entrance to Altoona, only 120 miles east of Pittsburg, by the absorption of the stock of the Altoona and Wopsononock Railroad Company. This road now runs to Dangherty's mines and was to have been extended to Frugality, but instead it is now to go to Coalport, where connection will be made with the Cresson and Coalport and Pennsylvania and Northwestern roads, and then to Gazzam, connecting with the Beech Creek Road. The work is being rapidly pushed forward and by next summer the Pennsylvania Company will have a strong rival for its coal-carrying trade.

THE ORGANIZATION.

OF CENTRE COUNTY, AND BELLEFONTE AS A BOROUGH.

The Bellefonte correspondent sends the following to the Williamsport *Gazette and Bulletin*; as it is of special interest we reproduce it entire:

Centre county was organized by Act of Assembly February 13, 1800. The first court held in Bellefonte was a Quarter Sessions Court, presided over by Associate Judges James Potter and John Barker, February 24, 1801. The first grand jury of the county assembled at April sessions of court, 1801, when President Judge James Riddle appeared on the bench, being the first President Judge sitting in Centre county.

The first plot of Bellefonte was laid out July 20, 1769, and incorporated as a borough March 28, 1806. When Centre county was created, Milesburg and Bellefonte competed strongly for the county seat, Milesburg appeared to possess the advantage, as it stood at the head of navigation of Bald Eagle Creek. Bellefonters overcame that apparent advantage by attaching a team to a flat boat, having on some furniture borrowed from a farm house and dragging it up Spring Creek from below Milesburg to Bellefonte, securing affidavit that the first boat of the season had arrived; the Bellefonte people sent a messenger in post haste to the seat of the State Government, and thereby demonstrated that Bellefonte and not Milesburg was at the head of navigation, resulting in the pasage of an Act making Bellefonte the county seat, and knocking the honest residents of Milesburg out. Of course, the founders of Bellefonte were all honest people and their successors remain a little that way yet. The last census gives Bellefonte borough 4,070 of a population, and its surburbs 2,500.

For job work we have one of the best equipped offices in the county.

DAY AND DATE.

Raphael has made out a guide for the entire month of January, giving pointers for each day. These apply to this country as well as to foggy England.

He says to-morrow will be a good day on which to court, marry and ask favors; but avoid females on the 8th, and be very careful. On the 11th you may court, marry, ask favors and hire servants before 1 p. m. It is important to note the hours. On the 12th it will be safe to sell in the morning and deal with women in the evening, but on the 15th you must avoid contracts and writings, and keep quiet. The next day is most unlucky; avoid women, traveling and quarreling. From then until the 27th avoid women and speculators, and be careful. On that day, and the last day of the month, you may safely court, marry, travel, sign papers and trade.

FLORIDA ON WHEELS.

Probably the most efficacious advertisements that Florida is receiving comes from that ingenious scheme—"Florida on Wheels"—a railroad car filled with the choicest of Florida's production tastefully and attractively arranged and now being exhibited in different cities in the North. Everywhere that this car and its owner go to the people are charmed at the novel and tropical picture there presented. There is no doubt but when thus forcibly presented, with the advantages, that this sunniest of sunny States offers, the prospective emigrant hesitates no longer, but decides to leave his bleak and wintry home for a land of flowers and perennial sunshine.—*Jacksonville Metropolis.*

Will be in Bellefonte Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, January 11, 12 and 13th.

EIGHT HOURS AT REFORMATORY.

On the 1st of January the law making eight hours a day's work went into effect in the State Industrial Reformatory at this place. The hours are from 8 to 4, 4 to 12 and 12 to 8, with the generality of the employes. Formerly the hours were from 6 to 6, and one night each week to 8 o'clock. The employes were then provided with three meals; now no meals are furnished, unless they pay for them at the rate of 12 cents for breakfast, 15 cents for dinner, and 10 cents for supper. Nine teachers and guards have been added to the working force in consequence of the change. The men are delighted with the new regulation.—Huntingdon *News.*

Advertise in the NEWS.

CONTESTED SEATS IN THE NATIONAL HOUSE.

Washington, D. C., January 5.—The following is a compleet list of the contests for seats in the house of representatives for the Fifty-second congress, notice of which have been filed in the clerk's office: McDuffie vs. Turpin, Fourth district of Alabama; Noyes vs. Rockwell, Twenty-eight district of New York: Reynolds vs. Shirk, Twelfth district of Pennsylvania; Greevey vs. Scull, Twentieth district of Pennsylvania; Craig vs. Stewart, Twenty-fourth district of Pennsylvania: Miller vs. Elliott, Seventh district of South Carolina.

It isn't the usual way—it's just the reverse—to pay a patient when you can't cure him. Nevertheless, that's what's done by the proprietors of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. They promise to pay you $500 if they can't cure your catarrh, no matter how bad the case. It isn't mere talk—it's business. You can satisfy yourself of it, if you're interested. And you ought to be, if you have catarrh. It's faith in their medicine that's behind the offer. It has cured thousands of the worst cases, where everything else failed. You can be cured, too. If you can't, you get the money. They're willing to take the risk—you ought to be glad to take the medicine.

It's the *cheapest* medicine you can buy, because it's *guaranteed* to give satisfaction, or your money is returned.

You only pay for *the good* you get. Can you ask more?

That's the *peculiar* plan all Dr. Pierce's medicines are sold on.

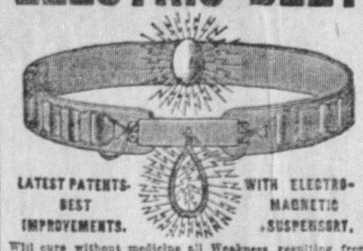
Better Now than Last Year, probably Better Yet Next Year.

The Remington Standard Typewriter

keeps constantly improving in practical qualities, hence its constantly increasing popularity in the markets of the world.

Wyckoff, Seamans & Benedict, 834 CHESTNUT ST., PHILA.

DR. SANDEN'S ELECTRIC BELT



LATEST PATENTS—BEST IMPROVEMENTS. WITH ELECTRO-MAGNETIC SUSPENSORY.

Will cure without medicine all Weakness resulting from overexertion of brain, nerve forces, excesses or indiscretion, as sexual exhaustion, drains, losses, nervous debility, sleeplessness, languor, rheumatism, kidney, liver and bladder complaints, lame back, lumbago, sciatica, general ill-health, etc. This electric belt contains Wonderful Improvements over all others, and gives a current that is instantly felt by the wearer or we forfeit $5,000.00, and will cure all of the above diseases or we pay. Thousands have been cured by this marvelous invention after all other remedies failed, and we give hundreds of testimonials in this and every other state.

Our powerful improved ELECTRIC SUSPENSORY is the greatest boon ever offered weak men. FREE WITH ALL BELTS.

Health and Vigorous Strength GUARANTEED in 60 to 90 DAYS. Send for large illustrated pamphlets, sealed, free by mail. Address

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Nothing On Earth Will MAKE HENS LAY LIKE Sheridan's Condition Powder!

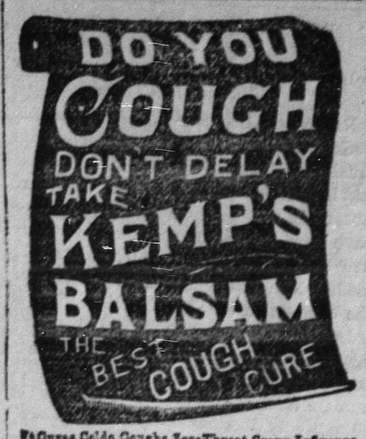
KEEPS YOUR CHICKENS Strong and Healthy; Prevents all Disease. *Good for Moulting Hens.*

It is absolutely pure. Highly concentrated. In quantity costs tenth of a cent a day. No other one-fourth as strong. Strictly a medicine. "One large can saved me $40; send six to prevent Romp," says one customer.

If you can't get it send to us. We mail one pack 25c. Five $1. A 2 1-4 lb can $1.20. Six cans, $5.00, express paid. *Poultry Raising Guide*, price 25 cents, free with $1.00 orders or more. Sample copy of THE BEST POULTRY PAPER sent free.

L. S. JOHNSON & CO., 22 Custom House St., Boston, Mass.

HE Missed his Opportunity! DON'T Miss Yours, Reader. The majority neglect their opportunities, and from that cause live in poverty and die in obscurity! Harrowing despair is the lot of many, as they look back on lost, forever lost, opportunity. Life is passing! Reach out. Be up and doing. Improve your opportunity, and secure prosperity, prominence, peace. It was said by a philosopher, that "the Goddess of Fortune offers a golden opportunity to each person at some period of life; embrace the chance, and she pours out her riches; fail to do so and she departs, never to return." How shall you find the GOLDEN opportunity? Investigate every chance that appears worthy, and of fair promise; that is what all successful men do. Here is an opportunity, such as is not often within the reach of laboring people. Improved, it will give, at least, a grand start in life. The GOLDEN opportunity for many is here. Money to be made rapidly and honorably by any industrious person of either sex. All ages. You can do the work and live at home, wherever you are. Even beginners are easily earning from $5 to $10 per day. Few can do as well if you will work; not too hard, but industriously; and you can increase your income as you go on. You can give spare time only, or all your time to the work. Easy to learn. Capital not required. We start you. All is comparatively new and really wonderful. We instruct and show you how, free. Failure unknown among our workers. No room to explain here. Write and learn all free, by return mail. Unwise to delay. Address at once. H. Hallett & Co., Box 880, Portland, Maine.



It Cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Large bottles, 50 cts and $1.00.

MAGEE'S EMULSION

No other proprietary medicine has the endorsement of Physicians to the same extent.

None is used in Hospital practice with so large a percentage of satisfactory results.

No other remedy has cured so many cases of

CONSUMPTION and other Pulmonary Diseases.

SCROFULA is entirely eradicated from the system by its use.

It is as easy to take as Maple Syrup or Honey, and can be retained by the most delicate stomachs without nausea.

IF YOU have a Cold, Cough, Bronchitis, Dyspepsia, or a generally run-down system, you can regain health and strength quickly by the use of

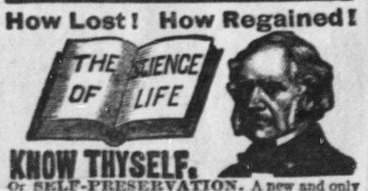
MAGEE'S EMULSION

Ask your Druggist for it, and take only that labeled

MAGEE EMULSION CO., Lawrence, Mass.

MANHOOD!

How Lost! How Regained!



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Or SELF-PRESERVATION. A new and only Gold Medal PRIZE ESSAY on NERVOUS and PHYSICAL DEBILITY, ERRORS of YOUTH, EXHAUSTED VITALITY, PREMATURE DECLINE, and all DISEASES and WEAKNESSES of MAN. 300 pages, cloth, gilt; 125 invaluable prescriptions. Only $1.00 by mail, double sealed. Descriptive Prospectus with endorsements of the Press and voluntary testimonials of the cured. FREE! SEND NOW.

Consultation in person or by mail. Expert treatment. INVIOLABLE SECRECY and CERTAIN CURE. Address Dr. W. H. Parker, or The Peabody Medical Institute, No. 4 Bulfinch St., Boston, Mass.

The Peabody Medical Institute has many imitators, but no equal.—*Herald.*

The Science of Life, or Self Preservation, is a treasure more valuable than gold. Read it now, every WEAK and NERVOUS man, and learn to be STRONG.—*Medical Review.* (Copyrighted)

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It has proved infallible in every case, from simple Pimples to obstinate Eczema; also Itching Piles. 50 CTS. per box.

Send for "Hints for Kitchen and Sick-Room," a handy book for the household. FREE.

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Are the oldest in America for the treatment of Special Disease and Youthful Errors

Blood Poison, Nervous Debility, Ulcers, Runnings, Discharges, Stricture, Bladder, Kidney and Skin Diseases, Varicocele, Hydrocele, Rupture. Permanently Cured by improved methods without detention from business. The doctor's success is due to his lifelong experience and study; to the pure vegetable remedies used and to the thorough examination and watchful attention given patients during treatment. A forty establishment is our guarantee of success.

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REGISTERS NOTICE. The following accounts have been examined, passed and filed of record in the Register's Office for the inspection of heirs and legatees, creditors and all others in anywise interested, and will be presented to the Orphan's Court of Centre county on Wednesday, the 2nd day of February, 1892.

1 The First and Final accounts of Wm. E. Irvin, Administrators of &c. of Mary Atherton, late of Phillipsburg Borough, deceased.

2 The account of Thos. C. Beaver, Executor of &c. of Julia A. Hubler, late of Rainse Township, deceased.

3 The account of John B. Royer, surviving administrator of &c. of Samuel Royer, late of Potter Township, deceased.

4 The account of C. M. Bower, trustee to sell the real estate of Rudolph Mulholland, late of Burnside township, deceased.

Account of James A. Keller, Guardian of Anna M. Stump, Minor Child of Reuben Stump, late of Potter Township, deceased.

6 The account of P. W. Barnhart, administrator of &c., of H. P. Watkins, late of Curtin Township, deceased.

JOHN A. RUPP, Register.

RUPTURE

DR J. A. SHERMAN begs to inform those whom it may concern that all patients will be furnished with his CELEBRATED RUPTURE TREATMENT during the months of May, June and July this year at special rates, at his principal office, 204 Broadway, New York. Safety and comfort is assured without restriction from exercise while under treatment for cure. Treatment can be had by corresponding. Send stamp for pamphlet.

THE MEETING ON THE BORDER.

(Written during the civil war.)

The civil war had just begun,
And caused much consternation
While O. P. governed one
Great state of this great nation,
So it did.

Magoffin governed old Kentuck,
and Dennison, Ohio;
And no three humans had more pluck,
than this puissant trio,
So they hadn't.

Magoffin was the leading man:
He telegraphed to Perry
And writ by post to Dennison,
To meet him in a hurry.

And Dennison and Morton too,
Believed they had good reason
To fear Magoffin sought to do
Some hellish art of treason.
So they did.

But they concluded it was best
To do as he demanded,
So they would have the chance to test
The question, "is he candid?"
So they did.

And Morton with some trusty chaps,
Went up to see "Magoffin:"
At 6 A. M, they took their traps
And off they went a puffin,
So they did.

Magoffin 4 A. M, did fix
By post and by the wire;
But when the hour had come—why nix
Comehrous was he—Beriah
Joke was

And then you should have heard them swear
Them chaps along with Perry:
They wissed, and stamped, and pulled their hair,
For they were angry—very,
So they were,

And when they found that they were sold,
And saw no chance for fighting,
They took a train that they controlled,
And home they went a kiting,
So they did.

At 2 A. M. the stamp did come,
But didn't let them know it:
And so at three, they started home,
And when they start, they "go it."
So they do.

No matter what they find to do,
Tis done with all their power;
What other men will do in two
They'll do in just one hour,
So they will.

And now if they could mix his "todd"
They'd put some pizen stuff in,
To serve their country and their God,
By killing off "Magoffin"
So they would.

And serve the Devil, too as well,
By sending him a traitor,
To roast eternally in Hell
As Pat would roast a tater.
So they would.

Just give them chaps a half a chance—
Let them but lay a hand on
A traitor, and he'll have to dance,
With atmosphere to stand on,
So he will.

But those who love old Uncle Sam,
They love and in their greeting
They show it and in every palm,
You feel a heart a beating,
So you do.

For patriots are brothers all—
Alike our flag they cherish:
With it, aloft, they hear the scroll;
"Let every traitor perish,"
So they do.

Recruits for Garza.

EL PASO, Tex., Jan. 5.—It has been learned that the leaders in the present revolution on the lower frontier have been working in this neighborhood for recruits since last June, when it was noticed that many laborers working on the small ranches between here and Rincon, N. M., were induced to leave and proceed to the neighborhood of Laredo. These people made a very scant living working in the fields and herding, and lived in mud jackals along the Rio Grande. There is no doubt that they could be easily induced to enter the present revolution.

It has also been learned that the headquarters of the revolutionists is now situated at New Orleans, but they contemplate transferring them to El Paso, which would afford a better base of operations. The scheme is backed by a large amount of money, and as soon as a foothold shall be obtained in Mexico the revolution will begin in earnest. The idea of those back-

WHAT IS

SCROFULA

It is that impurity in the blood, which, accumulating in the glands of the neck, produces unsightly lumps or swellings; which causes painful running sores on the arms, legs, or feet; which developes ulcers in the eyes, ears, or nose, often causing blindness or deafness; which is the origin of pimples, cancerous growths, or the many other manifestations usually ascribed to "humors;" which, fastening upon the lungs, causes consumption and death. Being the most ancient, it is the most general of all diseases or affections, for very few persons are entirely free from it.

How Can It Be CURED

By taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, which, by the remarkable cures it has accomplished, often when other medicines have failed, has proven itself to be a potent and peculiar medicine for this disease. Some of these cures are really wonderful. If you suffer from scrofula, be sure to try Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"My daughter Mary was afflicted with scrofulous sore neck from the time she was 22 months old till she became six years of age. Lumps formed in her neck, and one of them after growing to the size of a pigeon's egg, became a running sore for over three years. We gave her Hood's Sarsaparilla, when the lump and all indications of scrofula entirely disappeared, and now she seems to be a healthy child." J. S. CARLILE, Nauright, N. J.

N. B. Be sure to get only

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

ing the movement is to cut off that portion of Mexico north of and extending from the Gulf of Mexico to Mazatlan, on the Pacific Ocean, and declare a Republic under the constitution as promulgated in 1857.

THE BROOKS LAW O. K.

MERE CLERICAL FLAWS IN THE ACT DON'T COUNT SAYS JUDGE KREBS.

CLEARFIELD, Jan., 5.—License Court for this county convened to-day with Judge Krebs on the bench. There are 158 applicants, and when they with their friends and bondsmen filed into the Court House the large room was comfortably filled.

The question of bondsmen, which has troubled the lawyers since the discovery of the date of approval of the amendment to the Brooks law, was settled by the Judge reading a well-prepared decision, in which he held that as the amendment speaks of the eighth section, and as the Brooks retail act is the only liquor law that has more than three sections, it cannot be an amendment to any other law, and that the Court can correct errors when the same are merely clerical, and even in an act of Assembly when as it is written it involves a manifest absurdity and the error is plain and obvious.

Therefore, a bond signed by sureties otherwise qualified and residing in the county, is a good bond.

Watch for the DAILY NEWS next week.

THE FAMINE IN RUSSIA.

BERLIN, January 5.—Countess Tolstoi has written to a friend in Munich, describing the famine in Russia and the methods she adopts to relieve the starving people. She says that the only real relieving society is the Red Cross, for which her sons collect money to buy grain and other necessaries, while her daughters make visits from house to house and invite the destitute to the free soup kitchens.

"The state of the people," she says, "is miserable indeed. It is almost impossible to render an account of how donations are expended. Some of the people require food while others want clothing. It is difficult to record each trifling item."

A dispatch from St. Petersburg says: The English Quakers who have been making a tour of the famine stricken provinces have returned to this city. They are convinced that the distress resulting from the famine is widespread, but they hope that all nations will prove their sympathy with the sufferers in a practical way.

Italian Emigrants Killed.

HANNIBAL, Mo., Jan. 5.—Two passenger trains on the Wabash Road collided near Alladin, Ill., this morning. Engineers Webon and Bonchard were killed, as were four Italian emigrants, who were in the smoker. The latter, it is said, were burned to death. Among the injured are ex-Mes engers Dunham and Clough and Firemen Warboys and Conswell. The trains were to have passed at Alladin, and the supposition is that there was a blunder or misunderstanding of orders. A heavy fog prevailed at the time. Eight passengers were hurt, but none fatally. Fireman Warboys is fatally injured.

THE STATE FINANCES.

HARRISBURG, Jan. 5.—The State Treasurer's monthly report shows $5,330,671.17 in the general fund, and $782,660.25 in the sinking fund. The large amount in the general fund is necessary to meet the $5,000,000 school appropriation, which is paid in June. After next June it is not expected that much money will be carried in the general fund, except just before the school appropriation is due each year.

NOTICE is hereby given that the account of Wm. C. Heinle Committee of Barnhart Vieheiffer, Lunatic, now decd, and the accounts of A. C. Witherite and J. Miles Green, trustees of Hannah Arnold now deceased have been filed in the office of the Prothonatory of the Court of Common Pleas of Centre County, and that unless Exceptions thereto be filed on or before Tuesday the 26th of January, 1992, the same will be comfirmed.

L. A. SCHAEFFER.
Prothonatory.

A Mammoth Incubator.

An ingenious hop-grower of Ukiah, Cal. put his kiln to a novel use the past summer while waiting for the usual fall curing of his crop. After lighting the great furnace underneath the wire drying floor, he carefully gauged the temperature with a thermometer, and then spread freshly laid eggs upon the screen, thus changing the building into a gigantic incubator At the first trial, 6,500 eggs were tirelessly watched during the incubating period. There was much excited interest evinced by the good townspeople when it came to the hatching out of the chicks. The capacious brick kiln was invaded by miscellaneous crowds of amused, curious visitors, and finally, at the solicitation of prominent inhabitants, a regular exhibition was made of the multiplied broods. On this occasion there were exposed at one time on the raised platform of the kiln, 2,500 downy, peeping mites of every conceivable shade possible in infantile chickens. Whether the experiment, successfully demonstrated in this instance, will be repeated by other hop-growers, remains to be seen.—*American Agriculturist.*

Anarchy in Tennessee.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Jan. 6.—The sentiment of Anarchy is in the air throughout the Coal Creek valley, and another outbreak of looting and bloodshed is expected every moment.

LOST TIME.

Newton, Ill.
From 1863 to 1885—about 22 years—I suffered with rheumatism of the hip. I was cured by the use of ST. JACOBS OIL. T. C. DODD.
"ALL RIGHT! ST. JACOBS OIL DID IT."

What is

CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving health and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea.—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."
DR. G. C. OSGOOD,
Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."
DR. J. F. KINCHELOE,
Conway, Ark.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
H. A. ARCHER, M. D.,
111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."
UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY,
Boston, Mass.
ALLEN C. SMITH, Pres.

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

Freddie's Riddle.

"What does a valcano do with lava?" asked Freddie.

"Give it up," replied his father.

"That's right," said Freddie.—Harper's Young People.

PILES "ANAKESIS" gives instant relief and is an infallible Cure for Piles. Price $1. By Druggists or mail. Samples free. Address "ANAKESIS," Box 2416, New York City.

COMPLEXION PRESERVED
DR. HEBRA'S
VIOLA CREAM

Removes all Freckles, Pimples, Liver-moles, Blackheads, Sunburn and Tan, and restores the skin to its original freshness, thereby producing a clear and healthy complexion. Superior to all face preparations, and perfectly harmless. For sale at druggists or mailed for 50c. Send for circular.
G. C. BITNER & CO., TOLEDO, O.

SPECTACLES AND EYEGLASSES made by ROBERT BRUCE WALLACE, (successor to the "Fox Optical Co.,) at 624 Penn Avenue, Pittsburgh Pa., are conceded the best and most comfortable. save money by having him fit your eyes. j30-1y.

MONEY can be earned at our NEW line of work rapidly and honorably, by those of either sex, young or old, and in their own localities, wherever they live. Any one can do the work. Easy to learn. We furnish everything. We start you. No risk. You can devote your spare moments, or all your time to the work. This is entirely new, and brings wonderful success to every worker. Beginners are earning from $5 to $50 per week and upwards, and more after a little experience. We can furnish you the employment and teach you FREE. No space to explain here. For information FREE. TRUE & CO., AUGUSTA, ME.

MYSTIC CURE FOR RHEUMATISM AND NEURALGIA. CURES IN A DAY

A New and Wonderful Discovery

which has revolutionized the treatment of these diseases. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears, the first dose greatly benefits. It is recommended only for Rheumatism and Neuralgia, but for these it is a quick and radical cure, as multitudes who have used it testify. It contains no anodynes and is perfectly harmless. Ask your druggist to procure it if he does not have it on hand.

Guarantee. If first bottle does not benefit you, druggist will refund money.

Write for treatise and testimonials.
PRICE, 75 CENTS.
Dr. I. A. DETCHON, Crawfordsville, Ind.

MAGEE'S EMULSION OF PURE COD LIVER OIL IN COMBINATION WITH Extract of Malt, and Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites, (Lime and Soda,) A RELIABLE REMEDY FOR PULMONARY DISEASES, COUGHS, COLDS, BRONCHITIS, DYSPEPSIA, SCROFULA AND GENERAL DEBILITY.

Very easy to take. Does not produce Nausea, and is easily assimilated. Thousands of Physicians are prescribing it in their regular practice and many assert that it is

THE BEST EMULSION IN THE MARKET.
Ask your Druggist for it and TAKE NO OTHER.
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TALMAGE'S NEW BOOK 400 Wonderful Pictures. Sales Immense. Agents Wanted. Exclusive Territory. Big pay. 30 Day's Credit. No Capital Needed. Also send 9 Agents' Addresses and receive FREE TO YOU, Talmage's favorite Picture of Christ, in Oil Colors. Address, HISTORICAL PUB. CO, Phila. Pa.

Recommended as the Best. IX
LE MARS, PLYMOUTH CO., IA., May, 1889.
I suffered from temporary sleeplessness from overwork for two years, for which I used Pastor Koenig's Nerve Tonic, and can recommend same as the best medicine for similar troubles.
F. BORNHORST.

Extract From a Letter
of the Rev. J. McGowan, Cadyville, New York: "I recommend you to send for six bottles of Pastor Koenig's Nerve Tonic, and let her use it as directed. It cured several in my parish."

EAST GLENNVILLE, N. Y., Oct. 16, 1890.
I used one bottle of Pastor Koenig's Nerve Tonic for dizziness and nervous headache, and it did all you claim for it and even more. I had been suffering for years. MRS. P. HANCE.

FREE—A Valuable Book on Nervous Diseases sent free to any address, and poor patients can also obtain this medicine free of charge.
This remedy has been prepared by the Reverend Pastor Koenig, of Fort Wayne, Ind., since 1876, and is now prepared under his direction by the
KOENIG MED. CO., Chicago, Ill.
Sold by Druggists at $1 per Bottle. 6 for $5. Large Size, $1.75. 6 Bottles for $9.

PATTISON PICKED UP

IMPORTANT DECISION BY CHIEF JUSTICE PAXSON.

GOVERNOR BEAVER'S APPOINTEE, D. J. WALLER, TO REMAIN SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 5.—Among the most important of the opinions delivered by the Supreme Court yesterday was one by Chief Justice Paxson regarding the incumbency of the present Superintendent of Public Instruction, D. J. Waller, in which the judgment of the lower court is reversed and Mr. Waller is allowed to hold the office for the unexpired term of E. E. Higbee. This was a writ of quo warranto issued at the request of the Attorney General directed to D. J. Waller, requiring him to show by what authority he claims to exercise the duties of Superintendent of Public Instruction of the Commonwealth.

On February 14, 1890, Governor Beaver appointed and commissioned D. J. Waller, Jr., Superintendent of Public Instruction, vice E. E. Higbee, deceased. In pursuance of this appointment Waller duly qualified, entered upon the performance of the duties of the office, and has continued therein until this time. The Senate was not in session at the time of this appointment.

The next session of the Senate began on the first Tuesday of January, 1891, and on the 6th of the same month Beaver, being still Governor, nominated Waller to the Senate for confirmation to the office for the term of four years, to date from the 1st of March, 1890, and on the 20th day of the same month (January) the Senate confirmed such nomination and appointment.

Governor Beaver went out of office on January 20, 1891, and Robert E. Pattison was on the same day duly inaugurated Governor. No commission was issued to Waller by Governor Pattison. On the contrary, he appointed Z. X. Snyder to the office, which appointment was rejected by the Senate on May 28, 1891. On the day after the Senate adjourned the Governor appointed and commissioned Snyder to the office for the full term of four years, notwithstanding his rejection by the Senate.

The court says: "There are three things about which there is no dispute, viz.: There was a vacancy; the vacancy was filled by appointment by the Governor, and the Governor's appointee was appointed by the Senate. How long is the respondent entitled to hold the office under his appointment and confirmation by the Senate? Governor Beaver exercised his power, he filled the vacancy occasioned by the death of Higbee. His appointee having been confirmed by the Senate, the respondent is in office by virtue of an appointment properly made under the Constitution and laws of the State. The confirmation of the respondent by the Senate necessarily extends his original appointment for the balance of the unexpired term."

THAT CHILIAN APOLOGY.

VALPARAISO, January 5.—It was stated here last night that the Chilian government has cabled orders to Minister Pedro Montt, at Washington, to make a sincere apology to the United States for "the unfortunate and deplorable attack" upon the Baltimore sailors on October 16 last. The apology, it is further stated, is unqualified in its character. Other matters which have been in dispute between Chili and the United States are to be speedily considered by the new administration.

From semi-official sources it has been learned that the reason why the Santiago police are kept in the vicinity of the American legation is that the intendente of the city is in daily receipt of letters containing threats to burn and sack the legation. The government desires to have the police near at hand so as to prevent the execution of any such threats. It is no secret here that many of those who cherish ideas of war between the United States and Chili are friends of the late Dictator Balmaceda.

It is now said that the German minister, Baron Gutschmidt offered the services of his country as mediator on his own personal responsibility. This is in line with his course of action ever since the present government came into office. He has pursued it with a view to getting up a reputation for himself as a diplomatist. He gave many hints to Senor Matta, late minister of foreign affairs, but has refrained from offering any advice to the new cabinet.

FUNERAL OF GENERAL M. C. MEIGS.

Washington, D. C., January 5.—The funeral of the late General M. C. Meigs took place this morning under a military escort. The remains were taken from the general's late residence to St. John's Episcopal church, where the funeral services were conducted by its rector, the Rev. Dr. Douglass. At the conclusion of the services the casket was returned to the hearse and the funeral cortege wended its way slowly to the Arlington cemetery, where the remains of the dead soldier were interred beside those of his wife.

St. Louis Quits.

ST. LOUIS, January 6.—At a meeting of the citizens' committee of St. Louis yesterday a resolution was passed declaring the formal withdrawal of St. Louis from the contest for the democratic national convention, and extending a hearty endorsement of the claims of Kansas City.

Common Soap
Rots Clothes and Chaps Hands.
IVORY SOAP
DOES NOT.

A FINE PIECE OF
CHEWING TOBACCO
IS INDEED A LUXURY
FINZER'S
Old Honesty
COMES AS NEAR BEING A FINE PIECE OF PLUG TOBACCO AS IT IS POSSIBLE TO MAKE IT
AND IS KNOWN AS A

Standard Brand
AMONG DEALERS
THESE GOODS ARE ON THE MARKET IN ONLY ONE SHAPE, 3x12 FULL 16 OZ. PLUG—THE MOST CONVENIENT TO CUT IN POCKET PIECES OR CARRY WHOLE.
JNO. FINZER & BROS., Louisville, Ky.

The Great Family Newspaper
THE NATIONAL TRIBUNE,
WASHINGTON D. C

THE NATIONAL TRIBUNE aims to be the greatest family paper in the United States. It has the
THE FINEST ARRAY OF CONTRIBUTORS
in the country, and gives
MORE ORIGINAL READING MATTER
of the best quality, than any other great weekly.

Among its present special features are:

Vanquishing Vicksburg. By Prof. C. A. Hobbs, of the Delvan (Wis.) College. Prof. Hobbs was First Sergeant of Co. B. 99th Ill., and fought the entire campaign which he so graphically describes. He commences with the camp at Milliken's Bend and carries the reader through all the campaign, giving a boy soldier's views of the marching, camping, fighting, scenery, Generals, etc. It will be read with great interest by all.

Indian stories. A series of Exciting Narratives of Life, Loving, Hunting, and Fighting on the Western Frontier. By Col. Henry Inman, the popular author.

Lazarevsky. An Interesting Romance. By Mrs. Olive Logan Sikes, the noted writer.

On the Texan border. By Col. A. G. Bracket, U. S. A.

A Noble Atonement. An Interesting Story By Mme. Sophie Redfield de Meissner, of the Russian Legation.

South Africa. A series of Letters from the Diamond Fields. By H. H. B. Harrison, of Johannisberg, South Africa.

Among the Soldiers of North Carolina. By Gen. Marcus J. Wright.

South American Sketches. By Capt. Almont Barnes.

Frank G. Carpenter will continue his interesting letters.

Prof. Felix L. Oswald will continue his attractive articles.

This is only a partial list. Other attractive features will be announced from time to time.

"WAR HISTORY," by men who actually saw and did what they write about. It makes a specialty of this, and the contributions to its columns by the men in every rank and degree who did the marching, digging, and shooting and carried forward the war through all its various phases to a glorious success, making the only genuine history of the war.

It makes a specialty of
G. A. R. NEWS.
W. R. C. NEWS.
SONS OF VETERANS NEWS.
WASHINGTON GOSSIP.

It makes a special feature of matters of interest at the National Capital, and gives a weekly budget of entertaining gossip about men and things at the seat of government.

Besides this it presents every week a splendid array of Editorials on Current Topics—Stories by the Best Authors—Wit, Humor, and Information—Agricultural Notes of the Greatest Value—Household Hints and Suggestions—Synopsis of the News of the Week—Answers to Correspondents—Bright Miscellany, etc., which will interest, amuse, and instruct every member of the family.

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DIRECTOR'S MEETING.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CENTRE COUNTY DIRECTORS ASSOCIATION.

The Association met in the room of the Bellefonte High school at 10.30 o'clock Thursday morning with the following directors present:

Bellefonte—W. B. Rankin, D. Fortney, *H.* D. Yeager, Charles Smith, J. L. Runkle.

Boggs—S. K. Watson, Wilson *H*eaton, John Woomer, Simeon Bathurst.

Gregg—Wm. Pealer, J. W. Evans.

*H*alfmoon—J. P. Eves.

*H*uston—J. C. *H*enderson.

Union—John *H*oy, Jr.

Milesburg—*H*enry Comer.

Millheim—W. K. Allexander.

Penn—D. E. Gentzel, Elias Krumrine, Jacob Kerstetter, Fred Auman.

Potter—W. M. Grove, J. A. Keller, W. W. McCormic, M. J. Decker Jacob Wagner.

Spring—*H*arrison Kline, W. *H.* Noll.

Union—Owen Underwood.

Unionville—Riley Pratt.

Worth—A. R. Woodring, A. Y. Williams.

The regular President being absent *H*on. W. K. Alexander was made President of the Convention. The officers elected for the ensueing year were President, W. K. Alexander; 1st vice president, D. F. Fortney; 2st vice. president, S. B. Rowe; Secretary and treasurer, W. B. Rankin; Executive committee. W. M. Grove, of Potter; S. *H.* Bennison, Marion; R. *C.* Gilliland; Snow Shoe; Daniel Heckman, Benner, and Dr. S. P Fisher, Walker.

The following resolutions were adopted:

1—That the thanks of the Association are due and are hereby tendered to the Senator from this district and the Representatives from the county in the legislature of 1891 for the earnest support given to an effort made by them to have an Act passed making it lawful for the school directors of each district, to charge to the directort of the several districts, the actual incurred by them, in going to and from and while in attendance upon the annual and tri-ennial conventions of school directors.

2—That we endorse the course persued by D. O. Etters, superintendent of the public schools of the county, in the examination of teachers and express the belief that the course pursued by him, is now giving and will continue to give to the schools of the county a more thorough and efficient corps of teachers.

3—That we heartily commend the course pursued by the county Superintendent to lnsure a regular and full attendance of the teachers of the county upon each session of the county institute, and we insist that he shall rigidly comply with the Act of Assembly requiring him to report to each Board the attendance of the teachers of each district upon the sessions of the institute.

The question was then taken up and discussed by a number of the directors, to wit: "How shall we use the increased State appropriation to the several school districts?" The prevailing sentiment was that it should be applied to the improvement of our school houses and grounds, the increase of teachers' salaries and a reduction of taxation.

Governor Beaver, who was on the programme for an address, on "the improve of school buildings and grounds," entered the room at 11.30 and was immediately given the floor. The General made an address of great power, urging upon the directors the vast need of better school houses and better grounds around them. He used for illustration a few of the poor school houses and made a strong contrast between these and the very few good ones to be found in the county.

It is greatly to be regretted that this address could not be reported in full and published so that it might be scattered broadcast over the county. It is perhaps still more to be regretted that every school director in the county did not hear it. Addresses of this kind, delivered by men like the Governor can only produce good.

Superintendent Etters then made a short address after which the convention adjourned to meet in the court house at 2 o'clock where the discussion of the question as to what application should be made of the increased appropriation to schools was continued by Hon Henry Houk and others.

The committee to select offices not being posted as to the number of officers made a mistake by reporting separate persons for secretary and treasurer. The constitution of the Association provides that the person filling the office of Secretary shall also be treasurer.

Each year these meetings grow more interesting and profitable to those who attend, and it is to be hoped the time will soon come when every school director in the county will be found in attendance upon these meetings.

$100 REWARD, $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages and that i Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of Testimonials.

Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO. Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

My Head Was Fairly Rotten,

And how much I suffered it is hard to describe. That loathesome disease, catarrh, caused the above, and the doctors said they could not relieve me. I paid hundreds of dollars, for which I received no benefit. I got more good from two bottles of Sulphur Bitters than from all the money I paid to doctors. I shall continue the Sulphur Bitters, as I have great faith that they will cure me.—S. M. Day, 41 Hanover St., Boston.

DAVITT IS A CANDIDATE.

WILL CONTEST WATERFORD AGAINST JOHN REDMOND.

DUBLIN, Dec. 15.—Mr. Michael Davitt, who has taken the place of Mr. Keane as the McCarthyite candidate for the vacant seat for Waterford in the house of commons, has entered into the campaign with vigor and determination to defeat Mr. John Redmond, the Parnelite candidate, if strong fighting will do it.

Mr. Davitt has recovered from the injury he sustained in Sunday's melee, and to-day he issued an election address. In this he pledges himself, with his colleagues, to endeavor to obtain such a measure of home rule as will satisfy the aspirations of the Irish people and enable their representatives to frame laws ensuring the fullest apportunities for the advancement of the trade and labor interests of Ireland.

Mr. Davitt further says: "We shall continue to be the foe of landlordism, and will try to change the land laws in order to give the best protiction and scope to the agricultural condition of the country. We will cordially co-operate with the representatives in Parliament of the industrial democracy of Ireland and Great Britain, to further all legislature tending to secure to the toiling classes the fullest, protection of their rights and the speedy amelioration of their grievances. We will support any measure curtailing to reasonble limits the hours of daily labor and providing for the better housing of workingmen"

"How to Cure All Skin Diseases"

Simply apply "Swayne's Ointment." No internal medicine required. Cures tetter, eczema, itch, all eruption on the face, hands, nose, &c., leaving the skin clear, white and healthy. Its great healing and curative powers are possessed by any other remedy.

Ask your druggist for Swayna's Ointment. s 24-1y

RECIPROCITY WITH THE WEST INDIES.

WASHINGTON, December 16.—The department of state made the following statement this afternoon: For the past three or four weeks negotiations have been in progress between the department of state and the British legation assisted by commissioners from Jamacia, Barbadoes, British Guiana and other colonies with a view to reciprocity arrangements between the United States and the British West Indies, based upon section 3 of the tariff act. The last of the commissioners, those from Jamacia, left the city to-day, and it is understood that satisfactory arrangements have been agreed upon to embrace Jamacia, Barbadoes, Windward and Leeward Islands, Trinidad and British Guiana. In return for the continued free introduction of sugar and coffee into the United States, it has been agreed by the colonies named not only to greatly enlarge the free list of their tariffs, but also to make very considerable reductions in the duty on the leading agricultural and other products of the United States. It is expected that the official proclamation on the subject will be published before the 1st of January.

LADIES

In delicate health, the result of irregularity of the natural functions, or of any of the ills peculiar to your sex, if you will write me, I will send you full information in regard to my cure, together with a few samples of the genuine testimonials I have received from thousands of thankful women. The M. U. Pastilles have stood the test of 18 years in a very extensive medical practice and have never failed to give beneficial results. Sample 12 cents; full box $1.00. Do not fail to learn more of them at once. Dr. H. H. Jackson, 103, State Street, Chicago, Ill. jy 30—1y

MR. CESSNA'S FATHER DEAD.

Frank Cessna, who lives on East Church street, received a telegram last evening conveying the sad news of the death of his father, J. J. Cessna, which occurred at Bedford, yesterday Deceased was beyond the seventy mark in years; was quite a prominent citizen of Bedford, and a cousin of John Cessna, ex-Speaker of the House at Harrisburg. Erank Cessna, it will be remembered, has considerable sickness in his family; his wife and two children being ill with pneumonia, he is unable to attend the funeral of his father. Truly trouble comes not singly. Mr. Cessno's brother died about six months ago and the present troubles are almost more than he can bear. Mr. C. is a cigarmaker and works at T. H. Harmon's—Lock Haven *Democrat.*

Mr. Cessna and family will be well remembered by many Bellefonters as this place was his home for many years and he has only recently moved to Lock Haven.

CATARRH IN NEW ENGLAND.

Ely's Cream Balm gives satisfaction to every one using it for catarrhal troubles. G. K. Mellor, Druggist, Worcester, Mass.

I believe Ely's Cream Balm is the best article for catarrh ever offered the public. Bush & Co., Druggists, Worcester, Mass.

An article of real merit.—C. P. Alden, Druggist, Springfield, Mass.

Those who use it speak highly of it.—Geo. A. Hill, Druggist, Springfield, Mass.

Cream Balm has given satisfatory results. W. P. Draper, Druggist, Springfield Mass.

A NEW ALLIANCE SCHEME.

TO RAISE FARM MORTGAGES WITHOUT THE MIDDLEMAN'S AID.

TOPEKA, KAN., Dec. 15.—The Kansas Alliance Co-operative Mortgage Association, capital stock $1,000,000, with Frank McGrath as the central figure, is the latest Alliance enterprise. The charter was filed this morning with the Secretary of State, and business will be commenced with the new year. The scheme of co-operation, which is to rid the world of the ruinous system of competition, will be applied to the payment of mortgaged indebtedness.

This is the scheme originated by McGrath when he was President of the Alliance, and proposed to the Alliance commerce convention. Its object is to negotiate directly with Eastern capitalists for the necessary amounts for defraying farm-mortgaged indebtedness without the assistance of the middlemen. Mr. McGrath wanted the Alliance as a State organization to take hold of his scheme, and stated in an interview that it was high time the Alliance is building up a credit for itself and giving the lie to the charge that it is an association of calamity howlers. The company will obtain securities by forming a fund of the effects, personal and real, of its members.

The Executive Committee of the Farmer's Alliance has appointed Frank McGrath and four others as delegates to the Reform Convention, called for St. Louis February 22. The object of the convention will be to induce the industrial organizations to join the Alliance. The action of the Executive Council is meeting with a great deal of criticism among some members of the People's party. With but one exception, every delegate is an out-spoken opponent of the sub-treasury scheme.

CURE YOURSELF.

Don't pay large doctors' bills. The best medical book published, one hundred pages, elegant colored plates, will be sent you on receipt of three 2-cent stamps to pay the postage. Address, A. P. Ordway & Co., Boston, Mass.

SHOT BY A CRANK.

MATTOON, ILL., Dec. 15.—[*Special.*]—Judge Horace S. Clark, one of the most prominent Republicans in the State, was shot in the street to-night by Frank W. Hornish. Judge Clark had just returned from Charleston, and was on his way home, when Hornish began firing at him. The Judge made a desperate effort to disarm his assailant, and in the struggle the revolver exploded a half dozen times. One of the bullets tore the left side of the Judge's face, another plowed into the fleshy part of his back, while a third bullet pierced the left shoulder.

An excited mob overpowered Hornish, and hurried him to jail. The Judge may recover, although his wounds are pronounced dangerous. The trouble arose ove a patent in which Hornish is interested. The prisoner has always been considered a mild crank. He has repeatedly threatened the lives of Mayor Kern, Judge Clark and others, but little attention was paid to him.

FOUND A CRYSTAL CAVE.

OROVILLE, Cal., Dec. 15.—A day or so ago a prospector named James Ross, discovered at Table Mountain a beautiful crystal cave. He was walking on the north side of the mountain when the earth gave way beneath him and he fell into an opening several feet deep. Having a prospector's lamp with him he lighted it and partially explored the excavation.

Proceeding down an incline for some distance he found at its end a room some 30 feet square, its walls and roof being completely covered with the most beautiful crystals. Not having sufficient light he did not explore farther and does not know to what extent the cavern extends. This new discovery is near the old cave that has been so long known. It is possible that the entire Table Mountain is a mammoth cave for to one walking on the surface it sounds hollow and empty.

To Our Subscribers.

The Special Announcement which appeared in our columns some time since, announcing a special arrangement with Dr. B. J. Kendall Co., of Enosburgh Falls, Vt., publishers of "A Treatise on the Horse and his Diseases," whereby our subscribers were enabled to obtain a copy of that valuable work free by sending their address to B. J. Kendall Co. (and enclosing a two-cent stamp for mailing same) is renewed for a limited period. We trust all will avail themselves of the opportunity of obtaining this valuable work. To every lover of the Horse it is indispensable, as it treats in a simple manner all the diseases which afflict this noble animal. Its phenomenal sale throughout the United States and Canada, make it standard authority. Mention this paper when sending for "Treatise." a 6—11t.

MRS. BURNSIDE'S SUIT.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Dec. 15.—J. M. McCarrell, counsel for Mrs. Thomas Burnside of London, England, in a few days expects to enter suit against the trustees of the estate of the late Gen. Simon Cameron to recover a portion of the fund bequeathed to herself, husband and children in the will of the dead statesman. Mrs. Burnside is the wife of Thomas Burnside, a grandson of Gen. Cameron. She and her husband have separated and she asks a reasonable share of the legacy, all of which her husband is now receiving, for the support of herself and children.

—A number of young folks were out on Monday evening enjoying the little snow fall with a sleighride in a six-in-hand. They had a pleasant time but the sleighing was mighty rough.

ORGANS $40 PIANOS The T. Swoger & Son, DIRECT FROM FACTORY. SEND FOR PARTICULARS. Address, BEAVER FALLS, PA.

UPRIGHT PIANOS! FINEST FACTORY IN UNITED STATES ALWAYS READY FOR Quick Shipments of FINEST PIANOS AND ORGANS DIRECT TO YOUR HOMES.

ORGANS $40 PIANOS The T. Swoger & Son, DIRECT FROM FACTORY. SEND FOR PARTICULARS. Address, BEAVER FALLS, PA.

From Rev James M Potts, D D, editor of the Michigan *Christian Advocate*, Detroit Michigan To say that we are delighted with the piano, does not express the fact. We are jubilant. If all your instruments are as fine in appearrnce and as pleasing in tone as this one, your patrons will rise by the hundred.

From Mrs A G Silverheels, Corydon, Warren county, Pa.: We are well pleased with the organ. Good tone and found to be as represented. jy23 1y

The Best, the Cheapest

IS A MAXIM THAT APPLIES WITH PECULIAR FORCE TO SCHOOLS.

WILLIAMS & ROGERS' ROCHESTER (N. Y.) BUSINESS UNIVERSITY

Stands at the head of the list of commercial schools in its character as an educational force, as a medium for supplying the business men of the country with trained and capable assistants, as a means of placing ambitious young men and women on the road to success, and in the extent, elegance and cost of its equipment. THOROUGH COMMERCIAL, SHORTHAND AND PRACTICAL ENGLISH COURSES. The Twenty-seventh Annual Catalogue will be mailed to any address.

Duff's Mercantile College, Pittsburgh, Pa.

This old and reliable institution has prepared thousands of young men and women for the active duties of life. To those in want of a useful, practical education, circulars will be sent on application. P. DUFF & SONS s24 1m

Elys Cream Balm For CATARRH THE POSITIVE CURE. ELY BROTHERS, 66 Warren St., New York. Price 50 cts.

THE CURE FOR CATARRH COLD IN HEAD HAYFEVER ELY'S CREAM BALM 50c

Hoofland's German Bitters WILL PURIFY THE BLOOD CLEAR THE COMPLEXION, BRIGHTEN THE EYES, SWEETEN THE BREATH, TONE THE STOMACH, REGULATE THE LIVER AND BOWELS, and BUILD UP THE WHOLE SYSTEM TO PERFECT HEALTH.

As a Pleasant and effective Cathartic use Hoofland's Podophyllin Pills

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH, RED CROSS DIAMOND BRAND PENNYROYAL PILLS

THE ORIGINAL AND GENUINE. The only Safe, Sure, and reliable Pill for sale. Ladies, ask Druggist for *Chichester's English Diamond Brand* in Red and Gold metallic boxes sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other kind. *Refuse Substitutions and Imitations.* All pills in pasteboard boxes, pink wrappers, are dangerous counterfeits. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials, and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail 10,000 Testimonials. *Name Paper.* CHICHESTER CHEMICAL CO., Madison Square PHILADELPHIA, PA. Sold by all Local Druggists.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION 25 CTS 25 CTS

Best Cough Medicine. Recommended by Physicians. Cures where all else fails. Pleasant and agreeable to the taste. Children take it without objection. By druggists.

JURY LIST.

FOLLOWING IS A LIST OF THOSE CALLED AS JURORS FOR THE JANUARY COURT.

GRAND JURORS.

Thomas Walker, farmer, Miles
L T Eddy, book-keeper, Milesburg
H A McKee, merchant, Spring
James Fleming, laborer, Spring
John Beckwith, farmer, Taylor
T M Gramley, creameryman, Gregg
Thomas Young, miner, Philipsburg
George Deitz, farmer, Curtin
J C Jenkins, merchant, Philipsburg
Walter Woodring, teacher, Worth
Charles Rhone, dentist, Bellefonte
R L Erhard, merchant, Bellefonte
Wilson Gardner, farmer, Ferguson
E G Vanpelt, machinist, Centre Hall
Jonathan Packer, blacksmith, Boggs
Edward Craft, laborer, Burnside
Daniel Otto, farmer, Ferguson
Wilson Dillon, farmer, Huston
Thomas Palmer, mechanic, Potter
J A Noll, merchant, Spring
J H Griffin, merchant, Halfmoon
W E Confer, barber, Howard Borough
James Miller, laborer, Spring
J I Wagner, laborer, Liberty

TRAVERSE JURORS—1ST WEEK.

A F Bitner, farmer, Liberty
Charles Smull, laborer, Miles
James Krebs, farmer, Boggs
Wm Thomas, agent, Milesburg Borough
Wm Bodle, laborer, Benner
John Musser, farmer, Ferguson
Samuel F Ishler, farmer, Harris
Joseph Brooks, carpenter, Spring
John Heverly, laborer, Howard boro
Harvey Keller, farmer, Spring
J W Bean, farmer, Taylor
Philip D Foster, merchant, College
Fred Slegle, farmer, Gregg
John Mallory, blacksmith, Miles
Jacob Kitner, " Haines
Adam Brumgart, farmer, Miles
A W Hafer, dentist, Bellefonte
Robert Musser, teamster, Philipsburg
G W M'Williams, farmer, Ferguson
Noah Eby, distiller, Haines
Jno P Eves, farmer, Half Moon
John Rockey, farmer, Walker
Israel Zubler, farmer, Gregg
Wm Harper, liveryman, Philipsburg
Alfred Rishel, farmer, Benner
James W Swab, clerk, Harris
Newton Hess, farmer, Harris
W A Jordon, laborer, Haines
Patrick Ward, Jr., farmer, Snow Shoe
J W Foreman, farmer, Potter
John B From, farmer, Harris
J C Snook, farmer, Penn
James P Waddle, farmer, Patton
Harry Johnson, laborer, Boggs
Port Bilger, farmer, Rush
John M Hartswick, teacher, College
Henry Stoner, farmer, Potter
Thomas Shawley, farmer, Boggs
W D Keller, farmer, Potter
John Wilson, laborer, Milesburg
Jacob Z Long, surveyor, Howard twp
Joseph Cenders, baker, Bellefonte
John Butterby, laborer, Snow Shoe
John P Ishler, farmer, Benner
A R Alexander, farmer, Penn
R D Foreman, teacher, Centre Hall
Jacob Leathers, farmer, Howard twp
John Anderson, laborer, Philipsburg

TRAVERSE JURORS—2ND WEEK.

Antony Dearmit, laborer, Spring
E F Gardner, farmer, Howard twp.
Scott Bailey, blacksmith, College
Albert Schenck, farmer, Liberty
Andrew Whitehill, farmer, College
Lewis Gettig, butcher, Philipsburg
Frank Hess, clerk
T A Duey, farmer, Snow Shoe
Howard Scholl, farmer, Union
Geo M Stover, carpenter, Haines
Oliver Wolf, carpenter, Miles
James Lingle, farmer, Boggs
Daniel M Stover, carpenter, Haines
O D Ebberts, farmer, Worth
Aaron Auman, farmer, Gregg
J W Oyler, farmer, Howard twp
Samuel Burell, laborer, Gregg
T H Musser, agent, Patton
W F Holt, gentleman, Philipsburg
Henry Mowrey, carpenter, Haines
Alfred Wasson, marble cutter, College
Elmer Straub, shoemaker, Bellefonte
Jerry Rishel, farmer, Benner
Philip Beezer, butcher, Bellefonte
John F Mallon, foreman, Rush
J A Haines, farmer, Haines
George Farnsler, laborer, Worth
D D Morgan, engineer, Rush
C C Luse, merchant, Miles
Wm Clarke, laborer, Bellefonte
Samuel Cronoble, farmer, Ferguson
Richard Hale, gentleman, Philipsburg
Andrew Stiffler, laborer Potter
Samuel Alters, laborer, Haines

ANECDOTES OF THE WAR.

A BATTLE WITHIN A BATTLE.

An officer of the second Conneticut regiment, in a letter to his family, said: "The coolest thing I ever heard of happened at the battle of Fair Oaks. Right in the hottest of the battle, two of the second's boys got at logger-heads with each other, threw down their muskets, and fell to at fisticuffs"—had it out, picked up their arms, and pitched into the Rebels again. I have heard of a wheel within a wheel; but a battle within a battle is something novel."

A OLD WOMAN'S WELCOME TO THE FLAG

As correspondent at Monticello, Kentucky, speaking of the manner in which people received the national troops in the advance on that place, said, "One old lady a mile beyond this place, said, as she saw the columns rushing on the rebels, "when I seed that old flag comin', I jist throwed my old bonnet on the ground and stamped on it."

—Says the Philadelphia *Times*; "The Senate is said to be too small for P. Gray Meek, of the Bellefonte *Watchman*, and a climb for Congressional honors."

DEATH OF MR. RUSSELL.

ONE OF UNIONVILLE'S OLDEST CITIZENS DIES THIS MORNING.

The citizens of Unionville were somewhat shocked at the announcement of the death of Mr. A. N. Russell, father of Dr. E. A. Russell, which occurred this morning at 5.30 o'clock at the home of his daughter, Mrs. T. E. Griest, in Unionville.

Mr. Russell was one of the oldest residents, not alone of Unionville, but of Centre county, being aged 83 years. He has been in feeble health for some time and his frail constitution could not stand this fickle weather. He leaves to mourn his death three children, Dr. E. A. Russell, Mattie, wife of Mr. T. E. Griest, of Unionville; and Mary wife of Rev. B. B. *H*enshey, of Indiana. The funeral will occur on Sunday morning at 10.30 o'clock, interment to be made in the Unionville cemetery.

Happy Hoosiers.

Wm. Timmons, Postmaster of Idaville, Ind., writes: "Electric Bitters has done more for me than all other medicines combined, for that bad feeling arising from Kidney and Liver trouble." John Leslie, farmer and stockman, of same place, says: "Find Flectric Bitters to be the best Kidney and Liver medicine. made me feel like a new man," J. W. Gardner, hardware merchant, same town, says: Electric Bitters is just the thing for a man who is all run down and don't care whether he lives or dies; he fouud new strength, good appetite and felt just like he had a new lease of life. Only 50c. a bottle, at C. M. Parrish's. Drug Store.

WASHING BLANKETS MADE EASY.

If one has a suitable place for the purpose, the washing of blankets may become an easy matter, says the January *Ladies' Home Journal.* In an open space, have a line tightly stretched out of doors. To this fasten the upper edge of the blanket. Have strips of cotton sewed to the bottom at intervals; tie these to pegs, which drive well into the ground. Now turn on the hose. Cold water, of course, and plenty of it. Drench the blankets well, on both sides. If much soiled, rub spots with soap and drench again. The force of the stream will do more than wringing. After the article is quite clean, leave it to dry; never mind if it does rain; if the work has been thorough it will not streak, but be all the better for it. When the sun has completed the task, you will possess blankets as white, soft and unshrunken as new, and the nap will not be destroyed.

DONT'S FOR HUSBANDS.

Don't stay out late at night.
Don't withhold your confidence.
Don't think your wife is a servant.
Don't try to run the household your way.
Don't think love has come to stay any how.
Don't imagine that you are a superior person.
Don't think your wife can't keep your secrets.
Don't grumble at your wife and the work she does.
Don't forget that your wife was once your sweetheart.
Don't neglect to compliment your wife whenever opportunity offers.
Don't forget that husbands should be gentlemen at all times and under all circumstances.

MERIT WINS.

We desire to say to our citizens, that for years we have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Dr. Kings New Life Pills, Bucklen's Arnica Salve and Electric Bitters, and have never handled remedies that sell as well, or that have given such universal satisfaction. We do not hesitate to guarantee them every time, and we stand ready to refund the purchase price, if satisfactory results do not follow their use. These remedies have won their great popularity purely on their merits—C. M. Parish. Druggists.

A ZOOKY COMBINATION.

The following marriage notice appeared in the Lewistown *Democrat and Sentinel* and is certainly a comic combination of bride bridegroom and minister.

Zook—Zook.—At the Amish Menonite's church, at Belleville, December 21, 1891, by Rev. A. D. Zook, H. M. Zook and Sallie P. Zook, both of Bellefonte.

DEATH OF WILLIAM SANDERSON.

Mr. William C. Sanderson, of Mill Hall, died on Saturday morning at 10.55 o'clock from pneumonia superinduced by la grippe. Mr. Sanderson was ill about one week. He was aged 80 years, 1 month and 8 days. Mrs. George L. Potter, of this place, is a daughter of the deceased. The funeaal will occur to-morrow afternoon at one o'clock, interment to be made in the Highland cemetery.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Robbers and Thieves.

Are always afraid of a house when there is a gun in it, so if you want to keep this class of people away from you, "Get a Gun" and protect yourself and family, beside having some pleasure in hunting. The best place to get these is at W. S. Brown's 450 and 522 Wood Street Pittsburgh, Pa., who has the largest and most complete stock in Western Penn'a, of Guns, Rifles, Revolvers, Fishing Tackle and all kinds of sporting goods; Scissors, Razors Knives and Table Cutlery, also grinding of all kinds at

W. S. Brown's
450 & 522 Wood St., Pittsburgh Pa.

ADDTIONAL LOCALS.

—1892.

—Leap Year.

—The mails are now flooded with the 1892 calender.

—Ex-Judge Orvis has returned from a business trip to Philadelphia.

—Ticket agent Harry Hutchinson is sufferring from a somewhat severe attack of the grip.

—George L. Potter Post, No. 261 held a public installation of officers on Saturday evening.

—We are glad to be able to say that Mr. R. H. Voris has almost entirely recovered from the grip.

—Everybody in Milesburg, almost, is suffering from the grip, some few being dangerously ill

—The January term of court in Centre county will not be a very busy one from present appearances.

—Again it is rumored that the Bellefonte Furnace company will start up all their works on or about the 15th instant.

—We acknowledge receipt of January number of "Lippincott's Magazine." It is an exceptionally brilliant number.

—The "Day Late" was not only ahead of the *Owl* in its date line on Friday but also in several important news items.

-The bank of charity keeps open after hours at this time of year.—Tyrone *Herald*. Yes, dear brother; but the depositors are mighty few.

—Leap year parties are now in order, and the girls can't be blamed if they take advantage of their opportunity, as they only get one every four years.

—The democrats already have it planned. Hill is to be elected President; H. Holtz is to be the next Bellefonte postmaster and W. J. Dukeman first assistant. How do you like the force?

—The time for the Farmer's Institutes is almost here. This year there will be two held in Centre county and the farmers should all attend them, as they are interesting as well as instructive.

—The *News* wants a live, energetic correspondent in every borough and hamlet in Centre county. The publishers will make it worth the while of anyone to write us the happenings of their locality.

—The art photographing e tablishment of R. K. Bonine, in Tyrone, was destroyed by fire on Thursday night with all its contents. Loss about five thousand dollars on which there was an insurance of but one thousand.

—In Friday's *H*untingdon *Local News* appeared the following unique notice: "No paper will be issued from this office to-morrow for two reasons, viz: This is a legal holiday, and half of our force is off duty with the grip.

—And now it turns out that several parties near Bellefonte had money deposited in the Tyrone bank in sums ranging from one to five thousand dollars. However, they mostly are confident of receiving dollar for dollar.

—The bride and groom, Mr. and Mrs. S. Gray Mattern, departed from Bellefonte this morning for Philadelphia where they will make their future home. Mr. Mattern is a physician by profession, but at present is engaged in the sale of drugs.

—Jesse A. Westfall, only son of Mr. E B. Westfall, superintendent of the eastern division of the Philadelphia and Erie railroad, died at the home of his parents in Williamsport, on Sunday morning, of typhoid fever. The young man was aged 19 years and 3 months.

—The firebugs seem to have been let loose in Tyrone in earnest. For three nights in succession there have been fires in that little city which run up into thousands of dollars. Between the broken bank the firebugs and suicides Tyroners are having a pretty hard time of it.

—Kings and rulers of all kinds fall victims to its relentless grasp: it is something that everyone seems to be trying to avoid and yet half the people in the United States will take if given half a chance. Poohooed as it was at one time it now rules supreme and you get it—la grippe.

—There is no sadder sight than a family of growing boys and girls, or grown-up young men and women, accepting coldly and carelessly every form of sacrifice and favor from loving parents, who are wearing out their lives in their service, and reaping only ingratitude and indifference in return.

—Letters received in Bellefonte from Mr. Lee Woodcock gives flattering praise to the people of the south for the cordial reception and hospitable treatment accorded the Princeton Glee & Banjo Club, on their tour through the southern states. It is needless to say that Lee, as well as all the rest of the boys, is enjoying the trip immensely.

—This, January 1st, 1892, is the day for the grand competition of Amateur musicians in Philipsburg, at which $350 in prizes and a number of handsome medals will be awarded to the best in the several lines, both in vocal and instrumental music. Quite a large number of contestants have been entered and the undertaking bids fair to be a success financially as well as musically. Mr. Charles Cruse is the only contestant from Bellefonte, and he is entered to contest for the prize offered to the best Amateur pianist. Charlie went to Philipsburg on Thursday evening and the writer hopes he may be the successful one.

THRESHING OLD WHEAT.

ANOTHER CHAPTER IN THE BALTIMORE'S TROUBLES IN CHILI.

VALPARAISO, January 2, 1892.—The United States gunboat Yorktown arrived here November 30. She saluted the Chilian flag and also the admiral of the German squadron upon entering the port. Her commander, Captain Evans, intends to send his men ashore on liberty within a few days, but the intendents will be requested first to afford them police protection.

Owing to the pressure which was brought to bear by the United States government, the Chilian authorities are making a more searching investigation of the attack upon the Baltimore sailors on October 16 last. Lieutenant McCrea, who is familiar with the Spanish language, has been in constant attendance at court. The principal disputes has been over the character of the wound received by Riggons, one of the victims. The Americans have claimed he was shot and killed by a policeman and the testimony of a comrade by the name of Johnston, who was with Riggins at the time, shows that a policeman advanced upon the men with a rifle in his hand and fired at them twice. Riggins was then insensible from a knife wound and Johnston was carrying him to a drug store. One ball from the policeman's rifle passed through the collar of Johnston's shirt and entered Riggins's neck, killing him instantly. The shot was fired at such close range that Johnston's shirt was powder-burnt.

The chilian officials have claimed that the appearance of Johnston's clothing indicated that the shot had been fired by a revolver, while the police were armed only with rifles and bayonet swords. Dr. Swett, of the Baltimore, made some of experiments by firing at pieces of cloth at close range with a rifle and a revolver. The result of this experiment was laid before the court yesterday, and the appearance of the cloth which had been fired at with the rifle corresponded exactly with the appearance of Johnston's clothing. Both Dr. White and Dr. Swett, of the Baltimore have described before the court the character of the wounds received by the men, and have shown that a number of wounds were made by bayonets carried by the police, and the testimony of the men themselves shows that the police did use that weapon upon them. There has been nothing of special importance at Santiago for several weeks past.

BOTH ARE CONFIDENT.

COLUMBUS, Jan. 1.—To an Associated Press reporter to-day both Senator Sherman and ex-Governor Foraker expressed confidence in the result of their canvas for Senatorship, but neither cared to give definite figures.

There will be ninety-three Republicans in the Senatorial caucus, and of this number it is conceded by the opposite side that Sherman and Foraker each have forty two of forty-three votes definitely pledged. Of the eight or nine non-committal each side makes a positive claim of having secret pledges of fully two-thirds of the doubtful, but as these gentlemen themselves refuse to give any public declaration of their intentions, and state that they are waiting to hear fully from their constitutents, no one can positively predict how they will ultimately vote Consequently no one assumes to predict the result until these doubtful gentlemen have made an open declaration.

The Senatorial contest unexpectedly took a sensational turn late to-night, when ex-Governor Foraker made a speech criticising the interference of the national administration, and declaring for James G. Blaine for the Presidency.

Hicks, of Hamilton, has declared for Sherman, causing a break in the delegation.

A Physician Suicides.

DUBOIS, Pa., January 1.—Dr. W. F. Hoey, a prominent physician of Brockwayville, committed suicide on Tuesday by drinking morphine. Buying a bottle of the drug he proceeded to his office. Assessor Samuel McLaughlin followed the doctor in to his office at the latter's request. The doctor passed into an adjoining room and mixed something in the glass. A moment later he emerged and said to his companion: "I've done it; they can't undo it either." He stated that the preparation he had just mixed was a large dose of morphine which he had swallowed, and that in a few hours he would be dead. *He* also is said to have stated that he desired it distinctly understood that he was perfectly sane and in the full possession of his faculties. Mr. McLaughlin gave the alarm. Drs. Williams, Niver and Rankin were hastily summoned Before they arrived, Dr *Hoey* had apprised his family of his act, handed a member of his family his watch and chain with the remark that no mortal skill could save him, retired to his room and laid down. Antidotes and remedies were tried, but all to no purpose, and the unfortunate man expired, surrounded by his family and professional associates.

Governor Flower Inaugrated.

ALBANY, Jan. 1.—Governor Flower was inaugurated to-day. The ceremonies were held in the assembly chamber, which was gorgeously decorated with American flags. After prayer by Bishop Danne, Governor Hill, in a brief speech, in which any reference to politics was avoided, transferred the duties of his office to Flower. Mr. Flower responded in a brief and appropriate speech, in which he made no promises, but asked that he be judged by his deeds rather than by his words. Secretary of State Rice then administered the oath of office to Mr. Flower and Lieutenant Governor Sheehan. After the benediction a reception was held in the executive chamber.

THE McKINLEY TABIFF.

Altoona Tribune.

WHEN, in November, 1890, the congressional elections showed that the republican party had been overwhelmingly defeated, the democratic organs and orators in all parts of the country announced with a great flourish of trumpets that it was a popular condemnation of the recently enacted McKinley tariff, and that the first duty of the democratic party would be to pass a bill repealing that "iniquitous" measure, leaving the responsibility for final action with the senate and the president. The republicans held, on the other hand, that the election was simply one of those fleeting ebullitions of popular restlessness which every now and then sweep over the country; that it could not fairly be regarded as a protest against the tariff as that measure had scarcely gone into operation and it was entirely too soon to determine wether it would be a blessing as its friends claimed, or a curse as its enemies predicted. A year passed. At the several state elections held in November, 1891, it was very clearly shown that the democrats had failed to hold the ground gained in 1890. The McKinley tariff, too, had been in operation for a year, exceeding in its beneficial influence upon the trade of the country the most sanguine anticipations of its advocates. The country had just garnered an enormous crop and the western farmers contented, and persons were beginning to wonder what strange delusion had led them into the blunders of a year ago. Some of the democratic leaders began to doubt the expediency of continuing the pursuit of free trade under the guise of revenue reform; perhaps it was not admiration for free trade and hatred of protection that sent a democratic majority of one hundred and fifty representatives to Washington; perhaps that majority was very largely an accident. Thus when the time for the organization of congress drew nigh it was seen that the democratic representatives were divided into two nearly equal factions. The one was composed of radical advocates of revenue reform, men who favor the nomination of Mr. Cleveland for the presidency. Their candidate for speaker was Roger Q. Mills' the well known free trader. The other faction was composed of gentlemen who oppose Mr. Cleveland's nomination and who believe in touching the tariff with a delicate and considerate hand. Everybody knows the result. The policy men won, as they almost invaribly do in the democratic party, and Mr. Mills was not only beaten for the speakership, but publicly insulted afterward by his triumphant rival. All of which means that the McKinley tariff law has been so successful that the majority of the democratic party is afraid to attack it openly; that it is to be struck at feebly by means of a few little bills; that, in fact, the democratic party is getting ready to abandon its extreme attitude in favor of free trade and to declare that it always was the very good friend of moderate protection, rightly understood! Any why? Not because it is honored but because it imagines success lies in that direction.

IT seems as if the Texas cowboy has not yet disappeared, reports to the contrary notwithstanding. A telegram from San Antonio says that on Sunday night a party of cowboys took possession of a train on the International and Great Northern railway, and carried on with a high hand until they got tired of the sport. Among other things, they compelled the young women in the Pullman coach to sing to them. This was scarcely polite, but partly excusable. A Chicago drummer fared worse, for he was put off the train becaus he wore a high hat and a red tie. It is something of a pity that these cowboys do not take a run up here occasionally and look after the hogs who spit on the street car floor.

A Family Reunion.

On New Year's Day there was held at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. John T. Johnston, on Linn street a reunion of their entire family, it being the first time they have all been together for fifteen years. There were Mr. and Mrs. John T. Johnston; their sons Finley E., wife and two children, of Grand Rapids, Mich; Harry E. and wife, of Altoona George B. and wife of this place, and their daughter Lydia. The occasion proved a very enjoyable one.

FOR THREE YEARS.

Be it remembered that Assessors and Constables will be elected in February, for three years, and in boroughs and townships where there are more than one election district an Assistant Assessor must be elected for one year only. See Pamphlet Laws of 1891, page 7.

—Mr. Isaac Haupt is now engaged in selling apples for farmers in Centre county. He has disposed of his crop of a thousand bushels and also of five hundred for other parties and will now sell for any person so desiring. For prices, etc., call on or address Isaac Haupt, Bellefonte Pa.

Married.

WILSON—HUNTER.—On Friday evening, January 1, 1892, at the residence of Mr. Shoemaker, Mr. John Wilson and Miss Maggie Hunter.

RAILROAD ACCIDENTS.

A BROKEN RAIL CAUSES A PASSENGER TRAIN TO GO OVER.

MORRISTOWN, Tenn., December 30.—A broken rail on the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railway track four miles west of Bristol, this morning, wrecked westbound passenger train No. 5 and ditched two coaches. The following were injured:

Mrs. Rev. F. M. Farra, Midway, Tenn., left leg bruised, teeth knocked out and nose bruised.

Miss Sadie Farra, Midway, Tenn., gash above the left eye.

Miss Nellie St. John, Chilhowie, Va., gash back of the ear and crushed in the cheek.

Ex-Congressman, R. R. Butler, Mountain City, Tenn., gash in the head and hurt on back.

A. L. Kite, Rome, Ga.; gash in the forehead and crushed hip,

Berry Weil, Baltimore, Md.; side injured.

ALLIANCE, O., December 30.—A Wreck occurred near Salem, O., this morning, on the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago road. Eight cars were demolished and three men hurt. Engineer Mart Grimes is fatally injured, also John Graven, fireman who was scalded. Breakman Head had an arm crushed. All reside in Alliance.

Pay Your Small Bills.

There is scarcely any duty more incumbent on everybody in these closing days of the old year than the duty of promptly paying the numerous small bills that the season brings. Though often matters of but small importance to the individual debtors, in the aggregate they are of the greatest importance to the creditor—merchant, mechanic or whatever business man Promptness in meeting them is indispensible to making those larger settlements in the business world which bear so direct a relation to the general prosperity of the country. A dollar spent in paying a bill early these December mornings will do a vast deal of good before night, liquidating accounts to many times its face value as it circulates about from hand to hand. Where the duty and advantage of promptness is obvious. it is a singular evidence of the pervesity of human nature that those who are best able to meet their small bills as they come due are the most dilatory. It would be well for every well to-do man to begin the new year by asking himself if he is not needlessly and habitually delinquent in this respect, and to correct the bad habit at once if he finds he has contracted it.

Death of R. L. Henderson.

Robert L. Henderson, a prominent and respected citizen of Warriorsmark, died at his home in that place at 7.15 o'clock this morning of pneumonia. The deceased was born April 27, 1823, having therefore reached the age of sixty-eight years, eight months and three days, when the final summons came. He had resided during the most of his life near Warriorsmark, having prospered as a farmer. A few years ago he retired from active farming and was succeeded by his son Jacob B., on the old homestead. Never before has there been a death in this immediate family and the blow is an overwhelmingly sad one.

Surviving him are his wife and eight children, who are: Mrs. James A. Stewart, of Harrisburg; Miss Mira, of Frederick, Md.; Mrs. Charles F. Hunrich, Carlisle; Mrs. George D. Blair, Tyrone; Miss Regina, at home; Wm. and A. B., at home; and Jacob B. near Warriorsmark.

The funeral will take place at ten o'clock Saturday morning from the late home of the deceased.—Tyrone *Herald*.

EVIDENCES of the need of better material in the Pennsylvania Legislature have not been lacking for many years, but the testimony in favor of the idea increases right along. Now it has been discovered that the amendment to the Brooks high license law intended for one part of the law has been fastened onto an entirely different section. At least two guardians should be appointed for every member of the Pennsylvania Legislature.

—Wish you all a happy New Year.

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PEOPLES HORSE AND CATTLE POWDERS
TRADE MARK.
CONTAINS NO POISON
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Horses, Cattle, Sheep & Hogs.
Excels any remedy for the rapid cure of Hard Colds, Coughs, Hide Bound, Yellow Water, Fever, Distemper, Sore and Weak Eyes, Lung Fever, Costiveness, Blotches, and all difficulties arising from impurities of the Blood. Will relieve Heaves at once. *Manufactured by the*
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Use Parker's Ginger Tonic. It cures the worst Cough, Weak Lungs, Debility, Indigestion, Pain, Take in time. 50 cts.
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The Greatest Blood Purifier KNOWN.
This Great German Medicine is the cheapest and best. 128 doses of SULPHUR BITTERS for $1.00, less than one cent a dose. It will cure the worst cases of skin disease, from a common pimple on the face, to that awful disease Scrofula. SULPHUR BITTERS is the best medicine to use in all cases of such stubborn and deep seated diseases. Do not ever take
BLUE PILLS
or mercury, they are deadly. Place your trust in SULPHUR BITTERS, the purest and best medicine ever made.
Is your Tongue Coated with a yellow sticky substance? Is your breath foul and offensive? Your stomach is out of order. Use SULPHUR BITTERS
Immediately Is your Urine thick, ropy, cloudy, or
Don't Wait!
Your Kidneys are out of order. Use SULPHUR BITTERS. If you are sick, no matter what ails you, use
Sulphur Bitters!
Don't wait until you are unable to walk, or are flat on your back, but get some at once, it will cure you. Sulphur Bitters is
The Invalid's Friend.
The young, the aged and tottering are soon made well by its use. Remember what you read here, it may save your life, it has saved hundreds. Don't wait until to-morrow,
Try a Bottle To-day!
Are you low-spirited and weak, or suffering from the excesses of youth? If so, SULPHUR BITTERS will cure you.
Send 3 2-cent stamps to A. P. Ordway & Co., Boston, Mass., for best medical work published?

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The only true practical
ELIXIR OF LIFE AND HEALTH.
is one that promotes digestion, improves the appetite, cleanses the liver, purifies the blood, and stimulates brain and nerves without *injurious reaction*, and one that may be taken alike by adult or infant. Profane compounds, made of vile rum or bad whiskey, sweetened and flavored, under the titles of bitters, tonics, &c, produce effects far worse than the disease for which they are taken
Vinegar Bitters is a pure tonic, a nervine without being narcotic, a purifier without poison, a liver tonic without purging, and above all a life-giving stimulus without alcohol. The only medicine with such powers *in the world.*
A GENUINE TEMPERANCE BEVERAGE,
far surpassing alcohol in any shape as a tonic it might be called
LIQUID LIFE,
since it stimulates, invigorates and regulates digestion, nutrition, secretion, excretion, respiration, and all the functions whereby life is maintained—we literally take in *vitality in spoonfuls.*
It stops much to assert that *the equal of Vinegar Bitters does not exist*, and no counterpart or compound with similar virtues has ever been known
CALIFORNIA,
if remarkable for nothing else, would be immortalized by the production of the medicinal fruits roots and herbs of which this Bitters is composed. Many of them used by the Indians and the medical profession in the treatment of chills and fevers rheumatism, catarrh, consumption, neuralgia headaches, liver complaint, kidney disease, sundice, gout, piles, boils, skin diseases, &c., &c., too numerous to mention, but easily understood when the action of the Bitters on the vital functions is remembered. The discovery was partly accidental but the present
PERFECT BITTERS IS THE RESULT OF SCIENCE.
Millions of sufferers have gratefully and gladly endorsed, during the past quarter of a century the wonderful success of this
PHENOMENAL TONIC OF THE WORLD.
In order to meet every probable demand, two formulas of the same ingredients are now put up.
THE OLD STYLE IS STRONGER, SLIGHTLY BITTER, AND MORE CATHARTIC.
THE NEW STYLE, PLEASANT TO THE TASTE, AND EXPRESSLY ADAPTED TO DELICATE WOMEN AND CHILDREN.
REMEMBER,
There is no *disease* of low vitality, debility of functions, or nervous prostration for which
VINEGAR BITTERS IS NOT CURATIVE,
and its singular power over the lower organisms renders it the implacable foe of
THE DEADLY MICROBE AND OMNIPRESENT BACTERIA
in malarial diseases, cholera, consumption, internal diseases, &c., and so great is its power as a germicide that it is an
UNEQUALLED VERMIFUGE.
A book could be written of its virtues, and another of testimonials, but it is only necessary to remember its general action upon the liver, blood, brain and nerves, to realize its use in *a majority of the ills that flesh is heir to, and that no family should ever be without a bottle of*
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I have made the disease of
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A life-long study. I WARRANT my remedy to CURE the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a FREE BOTTLE of my INFALLIBLE REMEDY. Give Express and Post Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and it will cure you. Address
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RAILROADS

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—TIME Table, Dec. 14, 1890.

STATIONS	Dis	Westward A.M	Westward A.M	Westward P.M
LOCK HAVEN		4 40	9 15	4 20
Flemington—f	1.8	4 43	9 19	4 23
Mill Hall	3.0	4 46	9 22	4 26
Beech Creek	8.3	4 56	9 34	4 35
Eagleville—f	9.2	4 59	37	4 49
Howard	14.1	5 07	9 48	4 49
Mt. Eagle—f	17.7	5 14	9 56	4 55
Curtin	19.9	5 18	10 01	5 02
Milesburg	23.5	5 25	10 12	5 19
BELLEFONTE	24.2	5 35	10 25	5 29
Milesburg	28.5	5 46	10 35	30
Snow Shoe Int	34.8	5 48	10 [illegible]	5 32
Unionville	38.5	5 55	10 46	5 41
Julian	32.9	6 05	10 59	5 50
Martha	37.0	6 18	11 09	5 59
Port Matilda	46.4	6 21	11 17	6 06
Hannah—f	43.7	6 25	11 [illegible]	6 13
Fowler—f	45.0	6 30	[illegible]	6 15
Dix—f	46.3	6 32	11 37	6 19
Bald Eagle	49.3	6 40	11 38	6 24
Vail	51.2	6 44	11 43	6 29
East Tyrone	53.0	6 48	11 48	6 33
TYRONE	54.8	6 55	11 55	6 40

STATIONS	Dis	Eastward A.M	Eastward P.M	Eastward P.M
TYRONE		8 10	3 15	7 15
East Tyrone	1.8	8 17	3 17	7 22
Vail	3.1	8 20	3 20	7 28
Bald Eagle	5.0	8 25	3 24	7 33
Dix—f	5.0	8 30	3 30	7 39
Fowler—f	9.5	8 32	3 33	7 42
Hannah—f	10.6	8 36	3 37	7 46
Port Matilda	13.7	8 43	3 44	7 55
Martha	17.3	8 51	3 52	8 05
Julian	21.4	8 59	4 01	8 15
Unionville	25.8	9 10	4 10	8 25
Snow Shoe Int	29.5	9 18	4 18	8 35
Milesburg	30.8	9 22	4 20	8 39
BELLEFONTE	35.5	9 32	4 30	8 49
Milesburg	39.8	9 47	4 40	9 01
Curtin	34.4	10 01	4 47	9
Mt. Eagle—f	36.6	10 06	4 56	9
Howard	36.5	10 16	5 02	
Eagleville—f	44.4	10 36	5 19	
Beech Creek	45.9	10 35	5 [illegible]	9 45
Mill Hall	50.3	10 [illegible]	5 26	[illegible] 51
Flemington	52.1	10 54	5 27	10 55
LOCK HAVEN	54.3	11 00	5 30	1 10

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD Time Table in effect Dec. 14th, 1890.

Westward P.M	Westward A.M	Stations	Dis.	Eastward A.M	Eastward P.M
5 05	1 31	.....SCOTIA.....	25.6	9 21	4 47
5 25	10 21	5.3 .....Fairbrook.....	20.3	9 02	4 27
5 37	10 28	8.7 ...Penna. Furnace...	16.9	8 50	4 15
5 44	10 34	10.6 .....Hostler f.....	15.0	8 50	4 01
5 50	10 40	12.3 .....Marengo f.....	13.3	8 44	4 01
5 57	10 52	13.8 .....Loverville f....	12.1	8 37	3 54
6 04	10 58	15.2 Furnace road f...	10.4	8 31	3 48
6 08	11 02	15.8 ...Dungarvin f.....	9.8	8 27	3 46
6 18	11 18	18.2....Warriors Mark....	7.4	8 19	3 [illegible]
6 28	11 20	20.5 .....Pennington.....	5.1	8 10	3 30
6 40	11 32	23.5 .....Stover.....	2.1	7 59	3 1
6 50	11 40	25.6 .....TYRONE.....		7 50	3 1

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE RAILROAD.—Time Table, Nov. 24 1890.

Leaves Snow Shoe at 6.45 a m; arrives at Bellefonte at 8.45 a m.
Leaves Bellefonte at 10.20 a m; arrives at Snow Shoe at 12.15 a m.
Leaves Snow Shoe at 3.00 p m arrives at Bellefonte at 4.50 p m.
Leaves Bellefonte at 5.25 p m, arrives at Snow Shoe at 7.50 p m.

S S BLAIR, General Supt.

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE R. R.—BELLEFONTE, NITTANY AND LEMONT R. R. To take effect Nov. 24th, 1890

Dis.	Westward			Eastward		
	a.m.	p.m.		a.m.	a.m.	p.m
.0	5.50	2.15	.....MONTANION.....	8.30	9.20	5.45
1.5	6.18	2.25	Ar..LEWISBURG..Lv	8.20	9.10	5.35
1.5	6.18	2.25	Lv..LEWISBURG..Ar	.....	9.10	5.35
5.4	6.30	2.35	.....Biehl f.....	.....	9.00	5.26
6.6	6.35	2.40	.....Vicksburg f.....	.....	8.55	5.20
10.7	6.45	2.50	... MIFFLINBURG...	.....	8.45	5.10
13.1	6.52	2.57	.....Barber f.....	.....	8.36	5.0
15.2	6.58	3.03	.....Swengle f.....	.....	8.30	4.5
16.1	7.00	3.05	.....Millmont.....	.....	8.27	4.5
18.6	7.08	3.14	.....LAURELTON.....	.....	8.17	4.46
23.5	7.19	3.25	.....Pardee f.....	.....	8.06	4.36
23.9	7.23	3.28	.....Cherry Run f.....	.....	7.53	4.22
27.2	7.43	3.48	..Paddy Mt. Tunnel f..	.....	7.45	4.12
33.9	7.48	3.54	.....Ingleby f.....	.....	7.39	4.06
35.6	7.58	4.00	.....Coburn.....	.....	7.30	4.00
39.5	8.01	4.05	.....Zerby f.....	.....	7.21	3.52
42.4	8.10	4.17	....Rising Springs....	.....	7.12	3.42
46.5	8.18	4.25	.....Penn's Cave f.....	.....	7.05	3.35
49.2	8.24	4.30	....CENTRE HALL....	.....	6.58	3.30
51.6	8.32	4.37	.....Gregg f.....	.....	6.51	3.20
54.6	8.37	4.42	.....Linden Hall.....	.....	6.45	3.14
56.7	8.42	4.48	.....OAK HALL.....	.....	6.38	3.11
58.8	8.46	4.52	.....LEMONT.....	.....	6.34	
60.2	8.51	4.57	.....Dale Summit f.....	.....	6.29	
63.9	9.00	5.06	.....Pleasant Gap f.....	.....	6.19	
65.2	9.04	5.10	.....Axeman f.....	.....	6.14	
67.4	9.10	5.15	....BELLEFONTE.....	.....	6.10	2.45

CHAS E. PUGH ..... General Manager
ROBERT NEILSON.....General Superintendent
E. B. WESTFALL.....Superintendent

BELLEFONTE AND BUFFALO RUN RAILROAD.—On and after Wednesday, August 7, 1889, Trains on the Bellefonte and Buffalo Run Railroad will run as follows, leaving the PENN'A RAIL-ROAD STATION.

EASTWARD. No.6	EASTWARD. No.2	Dis.	STATIONS	WESTWARD. Dis. No.1	WESTWARD. No.5
P.M	A.M			A.M	P.M
6 29	5 10	18.	Ar. BELLEFONTE. Lv	0.	6 00 3 00
6 18	9 03	17.	.....Scales.....	1.	6 37 3 09
6 08	8 49	16	.....Morris.....	2.	6 11 3 18
6 03	8 54	15.	.....Whitmer.....	4.	6 15 3 [illegible]
5 59	8 51		.....Linn.....		6 1 3 23
5 57	8 48	12.5	.....Hunters.....	5.5	6 22 3 26
5 53	8 44	11.2	.....Filmore.....	6.8	9 26 3 30
5 47	8 40	9.5	.....Briarly.....	8.5	6 32 3 35
5 43	8 36	8.	.....Waddles.....	10.	6 38 3 43
	8 33		.....Matterns.....		3 45
	8 25		.....Shingletown.....		3 53
	8 19		.....Red Bank.....		3 59
5 39	8 09	6.9	...Scotia Crossing...	11.1	5 46 4 09
5 24	7 25	2.	.....Krumride.....	16.	7 00 4
5 20	7 20	0.	Lv STATE COLLEGE Ar	18.	7 04 4

Trains will stop at stations marked "F" when signal is given or notice to Conductor.
Train 2 connects with Trains east and west E V R R and S S Branch.
Train 8 connects with Trains east on B E R and the S S Branch.
THOS. A. SHOEMAKER, Supt.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD,—(Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after Dec. 24th 1893.

	WESTWARD		
ERIE MAIL leaves	Philadelphia daily	... 11 25	p m
"	" Harrisburg	... 2 30	a m
"	" Williamsport	" ... 7 10	a m
"	" Jersey Shore	" ... 7 32	a m
"	" Lock Haven	" ... 7 47	a m
"	" Renovo	" ... 8 50	a m
"	arrives Erie	" ... 3 40	p m
NIAGRA EXP.	leaves Phil'a week days		3 50 a m
"	" Harrisburg		12 15 p m
"	arrives at Williamsport	"	4 05 p
"	" Lock Haven	"	4 10 p m
"	" Renovo	"	5 15 p m
"	" Kane	"	9 15 p m
Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonte at			5 20 p m
FAST LINE	leaves Philada. week days		11 40 a m
"	" Harrisburg	"	3 45 p m
"	" Williamsport	"	7 10 p m
"	arrives at Lock Haven	"	07 p m
"	" Renovo	"	00 p m
NEWS EXP.	leaves Philadelphia		9 a m
"	" Harrisburg		12 a m
"	" Williamsport		11 16 a m
"	arrives at Lock Haven		12 12 p m
WMSPORT EXP.	leaves Philadelphia		4 p m
"	" Harrisburg		7 0 m
"	arrive Williamsport		11 p m

EASTWARD

[illegible] EXP.	[illegible]	[illegible]	7 0 m
"	" Jersey Shore		a m
"	" Williamsport		16 a m
"	rrives at Harrisburg		11 p m
"	" Philadelphia		15 p m
DAY EXP.	eaves Kane week days		7 15 a m
"	" Renove		10 55 a m
"	" Lock Haven		11 40 a m
"	" Williamsport		15 50 p m
"	arrives at Harrisburg		4 00 p m
"	" Philadelphia		7 50 p m
ERIE MAIL	eaves Erie daily		8 25 p m
"	" Renove		12 35 p m
"	Lock Haven		11 25 p m
"	Williamsport		12 25 a m
"	arrive at Harrisburg		1 2 a m
"	" Philadelphia		6 30 a m
RENOVO ACCM	leaves Renove week d		4 30 p m
"	arrives at Harrisburg		40 p m
"	" Philadelphia		6 25 a m
WMSPORT EXP.	leaves Williamsport		2 45 a m
"	arrives at Harrisburg		5 30 a m
"	" Philadelphia		7 00 a m

Erie Mail West, Niagara Express West, and Day express East make close connection at Lock Haven with B. E. V. R. R. trains.
Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with [illegible] on L S & [illegible] Railway with B P & W N [illegible] at Emporium with S, N Y & P R R, and at Kinzwood with A V R R.
ROBERT PITCAIRN, General Manager

Bellefonte Republican,

To Correspondents.—No communications published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.
Corespondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

Local Department.

—More winterish weather.

—Court commences in three weeks.

—Mr. Harry Valentine is very ill with the grippe.

—The Bellefonte public schools open for the spring term this week.

—Now do you think we will have some winter and some sleighing?

—The Presbyterian church at Milesburg will be dedicated on next Sunday.

—This is the week of prayer in the Presbyterian Chapel. All should attend.

—We are glad to be able to say that Mr. Harry Valentine is recovering from his recent illness.

—A small amount of the "beautiful" came down on Monday afternoon. How do you like it?

—If it only keeps on this way long enough we will have some sleighing this winter, after all.

—The Centre county auditors are now at work auditing the accounts of the Commissioners of Centre county.

—There is a writer on Williamsport *Sun* who says he saw snakes the other day. Verily that young man must be a hard drinker.

—It is said by friends of Mrs. Gov. A. G. Curtin that she is out of danger. This is cheering news to her many friends at this place.

—With the little bit of snow that fell on Monday afternoon the boys had considera ble amusement riding down hill in the evening. They kept the sport up until a late hour.

Mrs. Annie Toben, accompanied by her sister Kate, one of Snow Shoe's handsome belles, attended the funeral of Miss Mollie Kelley, and they returned to their home among the mountains on Monday evening.

Miss Lizzie Dale, after spending several weeks in Clearfield county, returned to Centre county this morning. She will spend a few weeks visiting friends around her old home and will then depart for her new home in Illinois.

—Mine Host Brandon, of the Brockerhoff House, informs us that the rumor current that he is going to leave that popular hostelry is not correct, as he does not intend going away. We are indeed very glad to hear that such is the case, as Bellefonte could ill afford to lose such a good citizen.

—Manager Garman has recently booked two excellent attractions, "The Fire Patrol" and "The Midnight Alarm." The first named attraction will appear on the 18th and the second the first week in February. It goes without saying that Mr. Garman intends to give his patrons the best there is to be had in the line of amusements.

—There was a fair audience at the opera house on Tuesday evening to listen to the most excellent concert as rendered by the Dickinson College Glee and Banjo Club, of Carlisle, Pa. When we say excellent concert, we mean excellent in every sense of the word and the audience was not near large enough, comparatively speaking, for the class of the entertainment.

—The grip seems to have full sway everywhere and in Bellefonte there is no exception to the rule. About one-half the people are coughing, or sneezing or following up all the other disagreeable symptoms that come with and belong to la grippe. One entire family in Bellefonte was down with the dreaded disease but the most of its members have now about recovered and are able to be around again.

The Kitty Rhoades company has come and gone, but two of the musicians have taken something along, that is not rightly their own. It is the hearts of two of Bellefonte's young ladies, who have openly expressed their desire to become actresses. They had better find out how the two girls from Chicago made out a short time ago, who started out on the same mission. Go slow, girls, "all is not gold that glitters."

—Miss Kittie Rhoads and her excellent company completed a week's engagement in this place on Saturday evening with the rendition of the play "Dad's Girl." The week proved a most successful one and the character of plays rendered somewhat above the average. It is quite superfluous to say that Kittie Rhoads will always receive a warm welcome whenever she chooses to return to Bellefonte. The company departed this morning for Lock Haven where they will play all of this week.

—It must be a source of gratification to a multitude of bashful, tremulous young men to know that this is leap year. The young man who has been trying to propose and couldn't and the young man whose knees weakened beneath him when ever he asked his girl to go to the theater or have an ice cream soda, can now remain serenely calm and let the girl do all the asking herself. It is leap year and she may do it with perfect modesty. It is pleasant to think of the hymeneal alliances which will result from this inversion of accepted custom. And think of the opportunities for our numerous lady friends.

WORK OF THE COUNCIL

ONE HOUR OF SOLID WORK ON MONDAY EVENING.

Petitions for Exoneration of Taxes—An Extra Policeman for the North Ward—Report of Finance Committee.

Council convened at 7.21 p. m. In the absence of the Honorable President, Mr. George L. Potter, Mr. W. T. Hillibish was elected President pro tem. for the evening. The minutes of the two previous meetings were read and approved.

Mr. Morgan was present and asked rebate of taxes on his new house on corner of Logan and Bishop street.

A committee of the newly organized Undine Hose company was present and presented to council a copy of the Constitution and By-Laws of the new organization with a list of the charter members. Also a list of names of the old members who still have in their possession Uniforms belonging to the Undine Hose company, with the request that council take action toward the recovery of said Uniforms.

A written communication was presented signed by most all the residents of the North Ward asking that a policeman be appointed whose duty it would be to look after the peace and welfare of said North Ward.

A written application was also presented petitioning for a boardwalk on Potter street from the car works to the residence of Mrs. Philip Gross. The petition was numerously signed.

The street committee presented draft of the borough engineer showing the line of borough along the property of Mr. S. H. Diehl, on Willow Bank street.

The Water Committee reported that one engineer of the water works had been dispensed with; also that the wages of the present engineer had been raised from $2.25 per day to $2.75 per day. Also that the coal bill for December had been reduced about one-third from that of the previous month.

The Finance committee reported a balance due treasurer of $6, 863.16.

The request of Mr. Morgan for a rebate of taxes was referred for investigation and report to the Finance Committee.

Mrs. Wyland was present to ask exoneration of taxes for the year 1891, the amount of which is $15.01.

The Constitution and By-Laws of the Undine Hose company were referred to Fire and Police Committee for investigation and report.

The communication relative to the request of citizens of the North Ward for an extra policeman was referred to the Fire and Police committee for investigation and report The committee was also requested to confer with the Chief Burgess relative to this matter.

The request of citizens of the West Ward for a board walk on Potter street was referred to the Street committee with power to act, and with a suggestion that the walk be built.

In the matter of the draft of the line of borough along property of Mr. Diehl the Street committee were instructed to have Mr. Diehl move his fence back off the borough property.

In regard to the request of Mrs. Wyland for the exoneration of taxes the matter was referred to the Finance committee for investigation and report.

With the approval of the usual number of bills council adjourned.

Death of William Aurandt.

William Aurandt died at Baker's Mines December 26, 1891, aged 64 years, 8 months and 23 days. He was born in Catharine township, Blair county, and was generally known as a laborer at the several iron works in Centre, Huntingdon and Blair counties. He served three years in the army. He was married to Martha Garland, of Centre county, and to this union were born six children. His wife and one child preceded him to the great beyond. Henry Sylvester, of Logan, Mifflin county; Samuel Hanson, of Arvonia, Clearfield county William Dallion and David Warren, of Bellefonte, Centre county, and Mrs. Irene Fife, of Baker's Mines, are his surviving children. He is also survived by three brothers and four sisters, namely: David and Jacob, of Yellow Springs; Alfred, of Madisonville, Ky.; Elizabeth Kieth and Catharine Savage, of Altoona: Mrs. James Shade, of Park Hall, Md., and Margaret Watkins, of Baker's Mines.

HOLIDAYS IN THIS YEAR.

Monday will be a great holiday day during the present year. Washington's birthday comes on Monday and so does Memorial Day. The Fourth of July is also billed for a Monday and Labor Day will be celebrated on a Monday.

Christmas is down on the calendar for Sunday and will therefore be celebrated on Monday.

Thanksgiving Day and Election Day are the only holidays during the year that will be celebrated on any other day but Monday.

People who believe in luck and are superstitious may decide upon Monday as a lucky day during 1892.

DEATH OF HAROLD HARRIS.

We are pained to announce the death of master Harold Harris, son of the banker, John P. Harris, at his residence on Linn street on Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Master Harold has been a patient sufferer for many years but notwithstanding this fact his death on Saturday was somewhat sudden and none the less painful to his friends. Harold was aged about 16 years though he wore an 8-year-old boy's suit and did not look to be a day over ten years of age. The funeral will occur from the house to-morrow (Tuesday) afternoon, at 2 o'clock.

OFFICERS INSTALLED.

Gregg Post, No. 95, Publicly Installs Its Newly Elected Officials.

On Monday evening the hall of Gregg Post, No. 95, Dept. of Penna., G. A. R., was beautifully decorated and fixed up for the purpose of allowing the public to see how the Post installed their officers and also to give the rising generation a glimpse of army life second-handed. Owing to unavoidable circumstances ex-Governor Beaver was detained from being present and Col. D. S. Keller was chosen as the installing officer. After a short private session of the old Comrades the following officers were installed and sworn in according to the ritual of the old soldiers:

Commander—G. B. Brandon.
Sr. V. C.—Thomas Donachy.
Jr. V. C.—William T. Fitzgerald.
Surgeon—William Gehret.
O. of D.—J. I. Curtin.
O. of G.—A. V. Hamilton.
Quartermaster—William Jones.
Chaplain—S. H. Griffith.
Ord. Officer—C. A. Glenn
Trustee (for three years)—Charles Eckenroth.

Delegates to Department Encampment, to be held at Pittsburg in February—S. B. Miller and J. I. Curtin.

Alternates—S. H. Williams and W. B. Maitland.

At the conclusion of the installation ceremonies the officer of the evening announced that the time was now at hand to kindle the camp-fire, which was done by a selected choir rendering a patriotic song, Miss Lukenbach presiding at the organ. Then was lighted a fire the like of which has not been seen in Bellefonte for many a day, and the sparks from which flew over a space of five years, and from Pennsylvania to the Gulf of Mexico. The rising generation, not having been in the land of desolation, from 1861 to 1865, has no idea of the horrors of war, but a very faithful picture can be obtained by gathering with the old soldiers around a crackling camp-fire and listening to the vivid portrayal of incidents which seem startlingly real.

D. F. Fortney, Esq., was the first speaker of the evening and for the few minutes allotted to each one he held the large audience in closest attention by the earnest way in which he talked of "those old war days." Col. Fortney was followed by a whole regiment of speakers among whom were Col. Mullen, General Curtin, Col. Keller, Commander Brandon, Chief Burgess Reeder, the editor of the Williamsport *Gazette and Bulletin*, R.W. Alexander, Lewistown, Col. D. S. Dunham, Charles R. Kurtz, Jas. A. Fiedler and others. We would liked very much to have given a brief account of what every man said but time and space forbids, and we must be content with saying that never before has that hall been the scene of so many brilliant speeches.

One very important part of the evening's entertainment was the singing of old war songs by Mr. W. Canan, of Tyrone. Mr. Canan enjoys the well-merited reputation of being one of the best war-song singers in the State, and were one to judge from the way he sang on Monday evening they would put him down as the best. Also the singing and playing of Mr. Canan's two daughters, which was about on a par with his own. And we must not forget to mention that Chas. T Noll also added to the entertainment by the recitation of a selection which was spoken in a way that drew forth a round of applause. It was long after ten o'clock when the fire began to die out and the meeting drew to a close with everybody present feeling that they had passed an evening well spent.

Death of Mrs. Gross.

Mrs. Samima Gross, sister of Mrs. Richard R. Lutz, of East Bishop street, died at the residence of her father-in-law, Mr. C. C. Gross, of Forrest Hill, Union county, on Saturday morning at half past 5 o'clock. The cause of her death was la grippe. She was aged about 23 years. The remains were brought to Bellefonte on the 9.10 train this morning and the funeral will take place from the residence of Richard Lutz, on Bishop street, to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock. Interment will be made at Zion.

Buried Saturday

The funeral of Edith Harris Boak took place from the family residence in Hughesville, Saturday, at 10.30 o'clock. The services were conducted by Rev. J. Wirt, pastor of the Lutheran church at the place, assisted by Rev Jacobs. The funeral was largely attended by friends from this city and other places, besides the concourse of Hughesville people. The remains were enclosed in a black plush casket which was literally covered with flowers. Interment was made in Hughesville cemetery.

"La Grippe."

Persons suffering from "La Grippe" are speedily and permanently cured by Humphrey's Specifics Nos. 1 and 7. Number one allays the fever, pain and inflammation, while number seven cures the cough, hoarseness and sore throat.

A BLANKET BALLOT

THE SIZE OF A NEWSPAPER PAGE WILL BE VOTED.

Names It Must Contain—The Booths Required Will Cost Over Two Hundred Thousand Dollars.

Philadelphia, Jan. 4.—"The ballot which will be voted under the new law at next November's election will be about the size of a page of the ordinary newspaper," said Secretary of the Commonwealth William F Harrity yesterday afternoon in discussing the progress made by the Commission of State officials engaged in starting the machinery to work, in preparation for the introduction of the new system of voting under the auspices of county officials.

This Commission, which is composed of Secretary Harrity, Auditor General McCamant and Secretary of Internal Affairs Stewart, has had a number of protracted sessions, and has very carefully considered many knotty questions. The commission will prepare a specimen ballot, which will be sent as soon as adopted to the County Commissioners and others interested in the printing of the official tickets.

The ballot to be voted next November will probably be as large as any that shall ever be used in this State. The names of the thirty-two Presidential electors of each party, the nominees for Congress, including the candidates at large, and for Senator, Representative and county officers, must all be printed on one ticket. In this city provisions will have to be made for space for names of candidates for Judge, District Attorney, Coroner and Clerk of the Court, and for Councilmen as well. If the names were printed one after the other on a ticket four inches wide the ballot would probably be three yards long.

If Secretary Harrity's suggestion shall be adopted the names of the Presidential electors will be grouped side by side, under the appropriate party appellation, and the proportions of the ballot, as he says, will be about those of a page of a newspaper.

The commission has not yet determined upon the style of booth for the voting places. It has been practically decided that the booths must be of a substantial, reasonably permanent and of a convenient and portable character. This shuts out all the specimen makes submitted to the commission, which are fashioned wholly of wood, or of wood and canvas.

Competition has virtually narrowed down to three makes. One is composed all of steel, which shuts up on the principle of the housewife's clotheshorse. This is built by a St. Louis firm. The rival bidders are from Marietta, Lancaster county, Pa., and Buffalo, N. Y. There are 5000 election precincts in the State. With an average of five booths to each precinct, there will be about 25,000 booths required. The cost per booth will be about $8, making a total expense of $200,000. At least $25,000 more may be added for guard rails and other apparatus. The question of whether the State shall provide a uniform ballot-box will also have to be met. The commission has a couple of weeks work more ahead.

Died This Morning.

Mr. Martin Williams, an aged resident of this county whose home was at the Boiling Springs, died this morning about 4 o'clock at the advanced age of 84 years. He was the father of Mr. James Williams, the efficient clerk in Harris hardware store. The funeral will take place on Thursday.

THE VESUVIUS.

Not Yet Decided to Make a Torpedo Boat of Her.

New York, January 4.—A report published yesterday that the dynamite cruiser Vesuvius had been ordered here to have her dynamite guns taken out in order that she might be made over into a torpedo boat, was premature.

The vessel arrived here on Saturday night from the navy yard to be repaired and fitted out for final tests of her dynamite guns. Upon the result of these tests depend the question of building a duplicate vessel, but few, if any, of the officers of the navy believe that an additional vessel of the Vesuvius type will be built, as the appropriation bill of 1890 provided for another "contingent upon the satisfactory performance of that vessel with her guns, under conditions as nearly may by approximating those of actual warfare."

The Vesuvius was begun in 1887, and at the time was regarded as one of the features in naval construction of the Whitney administration. The ship was built by the Messrs. Cramp, under a contract with the Pneumatic Dynamite Gun Company, at a cost of $350,000. The pneumatic tubes, the subject of so much discussion, tests and delays, are ranged side by side in three parallel incline planes. They are of 15-inch calibre, and maintain a fixed elevation at an angle of eighteen degrees, extending from below decks about thirty-seven feet from the bow and only piercing the deck above. The only training that can be given is by the helm of the vessel or changing her direction as the shells are thrown in the line of the keel, and the range of fire is varied by increasing or decreasing the pressure of air admitted to the tubes. The charge for the fiendish projectiles is from 200 to 500 pounds of dynamite. Up to the present time there has not been any firing with explosives, and with the projectiles used the tests have not been satisfactory. But Secretary Tracy is inclined to exhaust every means for successful tests before the vessel is transformed into a regular torpedo boat, as it is the general impression will be her disposition. The time for the final tests has not yet been decided upon.

PERSONAL PENCILINGS.

Mr. Charles F. Richards is down with the grip.

Mrs. Isaac Gray transacted business in Bellefonte on Friday.

Mr. William Shreck, of Lemont, was in Bellefonte Wednesday.

Quite a crowd of Unionville's fair sex spent Monday in our town.

Mr. J. C. Bathgate, of Lemont, was a visitor in Bellefonte to-day.

Insurance agent Emory E. Herr and wife are now in Sunbury, Pa.

Mr Edmund Blanchard departed on Monday evening for Haverford College.

Mr Herbert Loeb took a croud of Italians to Charlestown, Va., on Monday evening.

Prothonotary L. A. Schaeffer, wife and child are at present sojourning in Philadelphia.

J. W. Courts, after spending a few days in Bellefonte, has returned to his home in Altoona.

Sheriff Ishler returned on Wednesday evening from a three days business trip to Philipsburg.

Mr. Eugene Stein, who has been employed in Johnstown, has returned to his home in this place.

Mr. and Mrs. Otis Garbrick, of Dakota, Ill., spent a week's honeymoon at the Fountain House, in this place.

Mrs. S. Durbin Gray and Son, Durbin, who have spent the holidays here left for State College Monday afternoon.

Mr. Frank Rhoads, the accommodating clerk in Rhoade's coal office, has been on the sick list for the last couple days.

Mr. Charles Meyers, the efficient clerk in McFarlane's hardware store, will return to his home in Centre Hall to-morrow.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Johnston, after spending a week in our city, departed on Monday evening for their home in Altoona.

Miss Mazie Foster, of Aaronsburg, who has been spending a few days at Tyrone, passed through here on her way home Monday.

Mr. John Foster, postal clerk on middle division, passed through Bellefonte Monday afternoon on his way home to spend a few days.

Mr. Joseph T. Barton, Unionville's Chief Burgess and a hail-fellow well-met, was in Bellefonte on Friday and found time to drop in and see us,

Mr. Frank Palmer, who has spent the past six months at Houserville at work in the woolen mills at that place, has returned to his home at Potters mills.

Mr. George Hunter, of Boalsburg, and who is now a traveling salesman for a wholesale cigar house, has just returned from visiting friends in Altoona.

Mr. Frank McCoy and sister, of Hollidaysburg, who have been visiting Miss Mitchell and Miss Shugert, departed for thier home on Monday evening.

John Gross, a small boy of this place, while jumping off the Lemont train would have fallen under the cars, but for the timely assistance of a bystander.

Miss Annie Cleaver, who has been ill with the grippe for a couple of weeks, has recovered and is again to be found at her post of duty in the *Fountain* office.

Ex-Judge John H. Orvis, of this place, spent Monday in Altoona on legal business. The Judges wonderful legal ability seems to take him pretty much all over the state.

Mr. James McEntire and family, and Mr. Harry McEntire and Miss Ruby Lunt, all of Williamsport, spent last week visiting at the home of Mr. L. B. McEntire, at Fillmore.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Jackson, who spent the holiday week visiting their daughter Mrs. W. F. Reeder, in this place, returned to their home in Berwick on Saturday.

Mrs. Viola Longwell and brother, Mr. Harry Musser, of Buffalo Run, after visiting friends in Hartleton, Union county the past three weeks, returned to their home this morning.

Misses Sallie and Mary Ishler are visiting their uncle, Sheriff Ishler, in this place. Both are accomplished and charming young ladies and Miss Sallie is one of the efficient clerks in Baltzell Bros. dry goods store, in Altoona.

THE NEWS FROM SAMOA.

FROM PRESENT INDICATIONS THERE WILL BE BLOODSHED SOON.

King Malietoa's patience is about exhausted and if Mataafa's people do not keep very quiet there will be a clash of arms soon.

New York, January 4.—The following important and interesting letter, under date of December 8, concerning affairs in Samoa, has been received by a man in this city from a friend in Apia:

"The situatian here is beginning to assume a decidedly reddish hue, for blood will soon flow as a result of fighting between the natives, which is almost on the point of breaking out. King Malietoa has been very patient with the rebels, but this patience is almost exhausted. He has promised to wait until the next mail from San Francisco arrives before beginning active hostilities against Mataafa's forces, in the hope of hearing that a new president of the council, America or English, has been appointed to succeed the German, Baron von Pilsach, who has resigned as a result of the hatred and dislike which he has created among Europeans and natives by reason of his arrogant and overbearing manners and his violent German partisanship.

"If news comes to the king that Non Pilsach's acts are approved by the three powers, and that he is to resume his official duties, then war will begin at once, for the natives are determined to submit to his outrageous conduct no longer. King Malietoa's party says that it is useless to wait any longer for either Chief Justice Cederkrantz or Von Pilsach to govern the country in a just and proper manner. Mantaafa's cause, in the meantime, is constantly gaining strength through the unpopularity of these foreign officials. King Malietoa's party has, therefore, decided to take matters in its own hands, crush out the rebellion, conduct the government in its own way and ignore the foreign leeches.

"Von Pilsach has built a house for himself at Mulinuu Point, the seat of government near Apia, at a cost of $4,000, the money having been taken from the government treasury. King Malietoa will very probably, and quite justly, take possession of the house as his official residence in a few days."

STATE GUARD INSPECTIONS.

Special Attention Will be Given to the Condition of the Armories.

The following general order, No. 1, has just been issued from the Adjutant General's office relative to the brigade inspections of the State Guard:

"During the months of January, February and March of this year there will be made by the brigade inspectors, under the direction of the Inspector General, at such times and places as the brigade commanders may designate, an inspection of the several organizations in their armories. Complete rolls of companies, certified by the company commander, will be presented and the inspecting officer will note thereon those present and absent and forward such rolls with his report. When the companies of a regiment are located at different places transportation will be furnished by the brigade commanders to one or more of the field officers of the regiment to attend the inspection.

"Special attention will be given by the brigade inspectors to the armories, their condition and location, also to the condition of the blankets, great coats, blanket bags, canteens and haversacks. They will make a detailed report of the same.

"When the inspections are completed, the brigade inspectors will make report of such inspections to the Inspector General, but should the inspections show cases to which immediate attention should be given, special reports will be made and forwarded at once. No report as to rifle practice will be made."

The Revolutionists Scattering.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 4.—Another telegram from Brigadier General Stanley, dated San Antonio, Tex., received by General Scofield to-night, leads him to believe that the trouble on the Mexican border with the Garza revolutionists is nearing an end. The telegram reads as follows: "The commanding officer of Fort Ringgold to-day reports carriers in from Lieutenant Black at Pine Knob, and passed Captain Hardie at Salenno. All information from that direction from the scouting parties in this vicinity indicate the breaking up and scattering of the band of revolutionists that had begun to form into larger forces."

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE